



Bayesian Hierarchical Model for Assessing Adoption Rates in Ghanaian District Hospitals Systems

Samuel Kofi Ameyaw¹

¹ Ashesi University

Published: 07 April 2011 | **Received:** 17 December 2010 | **Accepted:** 08 February 2011

Correspondence: sameyaw@yahoo.com

DOI: [10.5281/zenodo.18925639](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18925639)

Author notes

Samuel Kofi Ameyaw is affiliated with Ashesi University and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Abstract

The evaluation of healthcare systems in Ghanaian district hospitals is crucial for improving service delivery and patient outcomes. A Bayesian hierarchical model was employed to analyse data from multiple districts, accounting for variation across different healthcare settings. The median adoption rate across all districts was found to be 45%, with significant variability observed between hospitals in terms of technology uptake. This study highlights the need for targeted interventions to enhance adoption rates and improve service quality in Ghanaian district hospitals. District health authorities should prioritise training programmes and financial incentives to encourage healthcare providers to adopt new medical technologies. Treatment effect was estimated with $\text{text}\{\text{logit}\}(\pi) = \beta_0 + \beta^T X_i$, and uncertainty reported using confidence-interval based inference.

Keywords: *Sub-Saharan, Bayesian, Hierarchical, Model, Adoption, Evaluation, Ghana*

ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

Email: info@parj.africa

Request your copy of the full paper today!

SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

Submit at: app.parj.africa



Scan to visit app.parj.africa

Open Access Scholarship from PARJ

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge