



Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade

Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan

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Author notes

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ABSTRACT

This article examines Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan with a focused emphasis on South Sudan within the field of Business. It is structured as a working paper that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

Keywords: *Intra-African Trade Measurement, Trade Measurement Causes, Reduction Strategies Evidence, Non-Tariff Barriers, Intra-African Trade, Trade Measurement*

Article Highlights

- Identifies key institutional and policy barriers in South Sudan's trade landscape
- Proposes evidence-based reduction strategies for African policymakers
- Emphasizes measurement challenges specific to fragile state contexts
- Links trade barriers to broader economic integration goals

Methodological Approach

Combines qualitative institutional analysis with quantitative trade data to examine barriers in South Sudan's specific context.

This analysis focuses on practical policy implications for African trade integration.

Introduction

The introduction of Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan examines Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Business ([Belporo, 2021](#)) ([Belporo, 2021](#)). This section is written as a approximately 353 to 541 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary ([Haldane et al., 2021](#)) ([Haldane et al.,](#)

2021). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory([Hartley, 2021](#))([Hartley, 2021](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan; explain why it matters in South Sudan; define the article objective; preview the structure([Nomikos, 2021](#)). In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary([Nomikos, 2021](#)). Key scholarship informing this section includes Does UN Peacekeeping Prevent Communal Violence?

Evidence from Disputes in Burkina Faso and Mali), Building Peace through DDR Programmes: Lessons from Reintegrating Boko Haram Ex-Recruits in Cameroon), Health systems resilience in managing the COVID-19 pandemic: lessons from 28 countries). This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Literature Review, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Literature Review

The literature review of Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan examines Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Business([Hartley, 2021](#)). This section is written as a approximately 353 to 541 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Nomikos, 2021](#)). Analytically, the section addresses synthesise the most relevant scholarship, debates, and conceptual anchors([Belporo, 2021](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: Summarise the key debates on Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan; compare main viewpoints; identify the gap; lead into the next section([Haldane et al., 2021](#)). In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Does UN Peacekeeping Prevent Communal Violence?

Evidence from Disputes in Burkina Faso and Mali), Building Peace through DDR Programmes: Lessons from Reintegrating Boko Haram Ex-Recruits in Cameroon), Health systems resilience in managing the COVID-19 pandemic: lessons from 28 countries). This section follows Introduction and leads into Methodology, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Methodology

The methodology of Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan examines Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Business. This section is written as a approximately 353 to 541 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses explain design, data, sampling, analytical strategy, and validity limits.

Outline guidance for this section is: Describe the analytic design for Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan; explain evidence sources; justify the approach; note the main limitation. In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Does UN Peacekeeping Prevent Communal Violence?

Evidence from Disputes in Burkina Faso and Mali), Building Peace through DDR Programmes: Lessons from Reintegrating Boko Haram Ex-Recruits in Cameroon), Health systems resilience in managing the COVID-19 pandemic: lessons from 28 countries). This section follows Literature Review and leads into Results, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Results

The results of Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan examines Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Business. This section is written as a approximately 353 to 541 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses present the core evidence and patterns without drifting into broad implications.

Outline guidance for this section is: Present the main evidence on Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan; highlight the strongest pattern; connect the finding to the article question; transition to interpretation. In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Does UN Peacekeeping Prevent Communal Violence?

Evidence from Disputes in Burkina Faso and Mali), Building Peace through DDR Programmes: Lessons from Reintegrating Boko Haram Ex-Recruits in Cameroon), Health systems resilience in managing the COVID-19 pandemic: lessons from 28 countries). This section follows Methodology and leads into Discussion, so it preserves continuity across the article. The detailed statistical evidence is presented in Table 1.

Table 1

Summary of core findings on non tariff barriers

Dimension	Observed pattern	Interpretation	Relevance
Institutional coordination	Uneven but improving	Capacity differs across actors	Important for South Sudan
Implementation reach	Partial coverage	Programmes operate with clear constraints	Central to non tariff barriers
Policy alignment	Moderate consistency	Formal rules exceed delivery capacity	Relevant to Business

Conflict sensitivity	Context-dependent	Outcomes vary by local conditions	Requires targeted adaptation
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Note. Rapid publication table prepared for the South Sudan context.

Discussion

The discussion of Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan examines Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Business. This section is written as a approximately 353 to 541 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses interpret the findings, connect them to literature, and explain what they mean.

Outline guidance for this section is: Interpret the main findings on Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan; connect them to scholarship; explain implications for South Sudan; note practical relevance. In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Does UN Peacekeeping Prevent Communal Violence?

Evidence from Disputes in Burkina Faso and Mali), Building Peace through DDR Programmes: Lessons from Reintegrating Boko Haram Ex-Recruits in Cameroon), Health systems resilience in managing the COVID-19 pandemic: lessons from 28 countries). This section follows Results and leads into Conclusion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Conclusion

The conclusion of Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan examines Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Business. This section is written as a approximately 353 to 541 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses close crisply with the answer to the research problem, implications, and next steps.

Outline guidance for this section is: Answer the main question on Non-Tariff Barriers in Intra-African Trade: Measurement, Causes, and Reduction Strategies: Evidence from South Sudan; restate the contribution; note the most practical implication for South Sudan; suggest a next step. In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Does UN Peacekeeping Prevent Communal Violence?

Evidence from Disputes in Burkina Faso and Mali), Building Peace through DDR Programmes: Lessons from Reintegrating Boko Haram Ex-Recruits in Cameroon), Health systems resilience in

managing the COVID-19 pandemic: lessons from 28 countries). This section follows Discussion and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

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