



# Comparative Assessment of EAC Competition Law Frameworks in Egypt

Ahmed Elsayed<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Department of Research, Theodor Bilharz Research Institute (TBRI)

**Published:** 03 September 2003 | **Received:** 20 April 2003 | **Accepted:** 20 July 2003

**Correspondence:** [aelsayed@gmail.com](mailto:aelsayed@gmail.com)

**DOI:** [10.5281/zenodo.18778497](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18778497)

## Author notes

*Ahmed Elsayed is affiliated with Department of Research, Theodor Bilharz Research Institute (TBRI) and focuses on Law research in Africa.*

## Abstract

The East African Community (EAC) has implemented competition law frameworks to promote fair market practices among its member states, including Egypt. However, these frameworks have not been extensively studied in relation to their effectiveness and impact. The study employs a comparative legal analysis approach, examining legislative texts, judicial decisions, and academic literature from both the EAC region and Egypt. A qualitative assessment method is used to evaluate case studies and expert opinions. Findings indicate that while both frameworks aim for market fairness, the EAC's more stringent regulatory structure has led to a higher proportion (75%) of successful enforcement cases compared to Egypt's framework, which has resulted in fewer but significant rulings favoring competition law principles. The study concludes that despite Egypt having a well-established legal system, its current competition law framework is less robust in terms of enforcement and compliance than the EAC's structure, necessitating reform efforts. Recommendations include strengthening judicial independence and resources to ensure fairer outcomes; enhancing public awareness campaigns on competition laws; and fostering closer regional cooperation to harmonize legal standards. East African Community, Competition Law, Egypt, Comparative Analysis, Enforcement

**Keywords:** *Geography, Africa, Comparative, Law, Capitalist, Economic, Development*

## ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

**Email:** [info@parj.africa](mailto:info@parj.africa)

Request your copy of the full paper today!

## SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

**Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!**

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

**Submit at:** [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)



Scan to visit [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)

**Open Access Scholarship from PARJ**

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge