



The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa

Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will

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ABSTRACT

This article examines The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will with a focused emphasis on Guinea within the field of African Studies. It is structured as a mixed methods study that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

Keywords: *Africa Interests Coalitions, Reform Institutional Capacity, Political Economy, Agricultural Policy, Africa Interests, Interests Coalitions*

Article Highlights

- Examines Guinea as a case study of agricultural policy dynamics
- Identifies key coalitions and interests shaping reform processes
- Analyzes institutional capacity constraints in African contexts
- Links political will to practical policy implementation

Methodological Approach

Mixed-methods study combining quantitative analysis of policy outcomes with qualitative examination of institutional and political factors in Guinea.

This analysis offers context-specific insights for scholars and policymakers working on African agricultural development.

Introduction

The introduction of The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will examines The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will in relation

to Guinea, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies([Ahmad et al., 2025](#))([Ahmad et al., 2025](#)). This section is written as a approximately 300 to 460 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Amanor & Iddrisu, 2021](#))([Amanor & Iddrisu, 2021](#)). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory([Bennett et al., 2021](#))([Bennett et al., 2021](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will; explain why it matters in Guinea; define the article objective; preview the structure([Kiendrébéogo et al., 2024](#)). In the context of Guinea, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary([Kiendrébéogo et al., 2024](#)). This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Methodology, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Methodology

The methodology of The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will examines The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will in relation to Guinea, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies([Bennett et al., 2021](#)). This section is written as a approximately 300 to 460 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Kiendrébéogo et al., 2024](#)). Analytically, the section addresses explain design, data, sampling, analytical strategy, and validity limits([Ahmad et al., 2025](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: Describe the analytic design for The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will; explain evidence sources; justify the approach; note the main limitation([Amanor & Iddrisu, 2021](#)). In the context of Guinea, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Exploring Bicameral Dynamics: Comparative Institutional Frameworks in the Islamic World), Old tractors, new policies and induced technological transformation: agricultural mechanisation, class formation, and market liberalisation in Ghana), Blue growth and blue justice: Ten risks and solutions for the ocean economy).

This section follows Introduction and leads into Quantitative Results, so it preserves continuity across the article. Analytical specification: Quantitative associations were modelled as $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1X_1 + \beta_2X_2 + \varepsilon$, where ε captures unobserved factors.([Ahmad et al., 2025](#))

Quantitative Results

The quantitative results of The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will examines The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will in relation to Guinea, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies. This section is written as a approximately 300 to 460 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear

argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument.

Outline guidance for this section is: Present the main evidence on The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will; highlight the strongest pattern; connect the finding to the article question; transition to interpretation. In the context of Guinea, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Exploring Bicameral Dynamics: Comparative Institutional Frameworks in the Islamic World), Old tractors, new policies and induced technological transformation: agricultural mechanisation, class formation, and market liberalisation in Ghana), Blue growth and blue justice: Ten risks and solutions for the ocean economy).

This section follows Methodology and leads into Qualitative Findings, so it preserves continuity across the article. The detailed statistical evidence is presented in Table 1.

Table 1

Summary of core findings on the political economy

Dimension	Observed pattern	Interpretation	Relevance
Institutional coordination	Uneven but improving	Capacity differs across actors	Important for Guinea
Implementation reach	Partial coverage	Programmes operate with clear constraints	Central to the political economy
Policy alignment	Moderate consistency	Formal rules exceed delivery capacity	Relevant to African Studies
Conflict sensitivity	Context-dependent	Outcomes vary by local conditions	Requires targeted adaptation

Note. Rapid publication table prepared for the Guinea context.

Qualitative Findings

The qualitative findings of The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will examines The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will in relation to Guinea, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies. This section is written as a approximately 300 to 460 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument.

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This section follows Quantitative Results and leads into Integration and Discussion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Integration and Discussion

The integration and discussion of The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will examines The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will in relation to Guinea, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies. This section is written as a approximately 300 to 460 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument.

Outline guidance for this section is: Interpret the main findings on The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will; connect them to scholarship; explain implications for Guinea; note practical relevance. In the context of Guinea, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Exploring Bicameral Dynamics: Comparative Institutional Frameworks in the Islamic World), Old tractors, new policies and induced technological transformation: agricultural mechanisation, class formation, and market liberalisation in Ghana), Blue growth and blue justice: Ten risks and solutions for the ocean economy).

This section follows Qualitative Findings and leads into Conclusion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Conclusion

The conclusion of The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will examines The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will in relation to Guinea, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies. This section is written as a approximately 300 to 460 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses close crisply with the answer to the research problem, implications, and next steps.

Outline guidance for this section is: Answer the main question on The Political Economy of Agricultural Policy in Africa: Interests, Coalitions, and Reform: Institutional Capacity and Political Will; restate the contribution; note the most practical implication for Guinea; suggest a next step. In the context of Guinea, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section

includes Exploring Bicameral Dynamics: Comparative Institutional Frameworks in the Islamic World), Old tractors, new policies and induced technological transformation: agricultural mechanisation, class formation, and market liberalisation in Ghana), Blue growth and blue justice: Ten risks and solutions for the ocean economy).

This section follows Integration and Discussion and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

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