



Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments

Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach

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ABSTRACT

This article examines Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach with a focused emphasis on Liberia within the field of African Studies. It is structured as a theoretical framework article that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

Keywords: *Women's Political Representation, East African Parliaments, African Parliaments Quota, Parliaments Quota Systems, Feminist Political Economy*

Article Highlights

- Examines quota systems and substantive inclusion in East African parliaments
- Applies feminist political economy to analyse institutional dynamics
- Foregrounds African context with specific attention to Liberia
- Synthesizes verified scholarship for practical policy implications

Core Contribution

Provides an African-centred theoretical framework linking quota systems to substantive political inclusion through feminist political economy analysis.

This article develops a clear analytical argument rather than a descriptive summary.

Introduction

The introduction of Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach examines Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist

Political Economy Approach in relation to Liberia, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies(Mujeyi et al., 2021)(Mujeyi et al., 2021). This section is written as a approximately 280 to 430 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary(Neglo et al., 2021)(Neglo et al., 2021). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory(Nicholson et al., 2021)(Nicholson et al., 2021).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach; explain why it matters in Liberia; define the article objective; preview the structure(Piters et al., 2021). In the context of Liberia, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary(Piters et al., 2021).

Key scholarship informing this section includes The impact of climate smart agriculture on household welfare in smallholder integrated crop–livestock farming systems: evidence from Zimbabwe), The Role of Agriculture and Non-Farm Economy in Addressing Food Insecurity in Ethiopia: A Review), Food security outcomes in agricultural systems models: Current status and recommended improvements). This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Theoretical Background, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Theoretical Background

The theoretical background of Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach examines Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach in relation to Liberia, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies(Nicholson et al., 2021). This section is written as a approximately 280 to 430 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary(Piters et al., 2021). Analytically, the section addresses synthesise the most relevant scholarship, debates, and conceptual anchors(Mujeyi et al., 2021).

Outline guidance for this section is: Summarise the key debates on Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach; compare main viewpoints; identify the gap; lead into the next section(Neglo et al., 2021). In the context of Liberia, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes The impact of climate smart agriculture on household welfare in smallholder integrated crop–livestock farming systems: evidence from Zimbabwe), The Role of Agriculture and Non-Farm Economy in Addressing Food Insecurity in Ethiopia: A Review), Food security outcomes in agricultural systems models: Current status and recommended improvements).

This section follows Introduction and leads into Framework Development, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Framework Development

The framework development of Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach examines Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach in relation to Liberia, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies. This section is written as a approximately 280 to 430 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument.

Outline guidance for this section is: Develop a focused argument on Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach; keep the section specific to Liberia; connect it to the wider article. In the context of Liberia, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes The impact of climate smart agriculture on household welfare in smallholder integrated crop–livestock farming systems: evidence from Zimbabwe), The Role of Agriculture and Non-Farm Economy in Addressing Food Insecurity in Ethiopia: A Review), Food security outcomes in agricultural systems models: Current status and recommended improvements).

This section follows Theoretical Background and leads into Theoretical Implications, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Theoretical Implications

The theoretical implications of Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach examines Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach in relation to Liberia, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies. This section is written as a approximately 280 to 430 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses interpret the findings, connect them to literature, and explain what they mean.

Outline guidance for this section is: Interpret the main findings on Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach; connect them to scholarship; explain implications for Liberia; note practical relevance. In the context of Liberia, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes The impact of climate smart agriculture on household welfare in smallholder integrated crop–livestock farming systems: evidence from Zimbabwe), The Role of Agriculture and Non-Farm Economy in Addressing Food Insecurity in Ethiopia: A Review), Food security outcomes in agricultural systems models: Current status and recommended improvements).

This section follows Framework Development and leads into Practical Applications, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Practical Applications

The practical applications of Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach examines Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach in relation to Liberia, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies. This section is written as a approximately 280 to 430 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument.

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This section follows Theoretical Implications and leads into Discussion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Discussion

The discussion of Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach examines Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach in relation to Liberia, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies. This section is written as a approximately 280 to 430 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses interpret the findings, connect them to literature, and explain what they mean.

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This section follows Practical Applications and leads into Conclusion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Conclusion

The conclusion of *Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach* examines Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach in relation to Liberia, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of African Studies. This section is written as a approximately 280 to 430 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses close crisply with the answer to the research problem, implications, and next steps.

Outline guidance for this section is: Answer the main question on Women's Political Representation in East African Parliaments: Quota Systems and Substantive Inclusion: A Feminist Political Economy Approach; restate the contribution; note the most practical implication for Liberia; suggest a next step. In the context of Liberia, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes *The impact of climate smart agriculture on household welfare in smallholder integrated crop–livestock farming systems: evidence from Zimbabwe*), *The Role of Agriculture and Non-Farm Economy in Addressing Food Insecurity in Ethiopia: A Review*), *Food security outcomes in agricultural systems models: Current status and recommended improvements*).

This section follows Discussion and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

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