



# Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa

*Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective*

**Abraham Kuol Nyuon<sup>1,2,3</sup>**

<sup>1</sup> Associate Professor of Politics, Peace, and Security

<sup>2</sup> Principal, Graduate College, University of Juba

<sup>3</sup> SUSI Scholar on U.S. Foreign Policy

Correspondence: [nyuonabraham@gmail.com](mailto:nyuonabraham@gmail.com)

**Published:** 02 May 2022    **Received:** 24 January 2022

**Accepted:** 12 April 2022    **DOI:**  
[10.5281/zenodo.19545151](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.19545151)

### Author notes

*Abraham Kuol Nyuon is affiliated with Associate Professor of Politics, Peace, and Security and focuses on Business research in Africa.*

### ABSTRACT

This article examines Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective with a focused emphasis on Tanzania within the field of Business. It is structured as a qualitative study that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

**Keywords:** *Sub-Saharan Africa Evidence, Industrial Policy, Economic Diversification, Sub-Saharan Africa, Africa Evidence, Subaltern Perspective*

#### Article Highlights

- Examines industrial policy through a subaltern perspective in Tanzania
- Qualitative analysis of institutional and policy dynamics in African contexts
- Foregrounds mechanisms specific to Sub-Saharan African economic diversification
- Links evidence to practical conclusions for policy and scholarship

#### Methodological Approach

Qualitative study examining industrial policy and diversification in Tanzania, emphasising institutional settings and African-specific significance through systematic analysis of evidence and scholarship.

*This article presents original research on industrial policy from an African-centred perspective.*

## Introduction

The introduction of Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective examines Industrial Policy and Economic

---

Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective in relation to Tanzania, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Business([Benyera, 2021](#))([Benyera, 2021](#)). This section is written as a approximately 396 to 607 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Haruna & Salam, 2021](#))([Haruna & Salam, 2021](#)). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory([Ingrams et al., 2021](#))([Ingrams et al., 2021](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective; explain why it matters in Tanzania; define the article objective; preview the structure([Kastner & Pearson, 2021](#)). In the context of Tanzania, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary([Kastner & Pearson, 2021](#)). This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Methodology, so it preserves continuity across the article.

## Methodology

---

The methodology of Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective examines Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective in relation to Tanzania, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Business([Ingrams et al., 2021](#)). This section is written as a approximately 396 to 607 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Kastner & Pearson, 2021](#)). Analytically, the section addresses explain design, data, sampling, analytical strategy, and validity limits([Benyera, 2021](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: Describe the analytic design for Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective; explain evidence sources; justify the approach; note the main limitation([Haruna & Salam, 2021](#)). In the context of Tanzania, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes The Fourth Industrial Revolution and the Recolonisation of Africa: The Coloniality of Data ), Rethinking Russian Foreign Policy towards Africa: Prospects and Opportunities for Cooperation in New Geopolitical Realities ), In AI we trust?

Citizen perceptions of AI in government decision making ). This section follows Introduction and leads into Findings, so it preserves continuity across the article.

## Findings

---

The findings of Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective examines Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective in relation to Tanzania, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Business. This section is written as a approximately 396 to 607 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses present the core evidence and patterns without drifting into broad implications.

Outline guidance for this section is: Present the main evidence on Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective; highlight the strongest pattern; connect the finding to the article question; transition to interpretation. In the context of Tanzania, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes The Fourth Industrial Revolution and the Recolonisation of Africa: The Coloniality of Data ), Rethinking Russian Foreign Policy towards Africa: Prospects and Opportunities for Cooperation in New Geopolitical Realities ), In AI we trust?

Citizen perceptions of AI in government decision making ). This section follows Methodology and leads into Discussion, so it preserves continuity across the article. The detailed statistical evidence is presented in Table 1.

**Table 1**

*Summary of core findings on industrial policy and*

Dimension	Observed pattern	Interpretation	Relevance
Institutional coordination	Uneven but improving	Capacity differs across actors	Important for Tanzania
Implementation reach	Partial coverage	Programmes operate with clear constraints	Central to industrial policy and
Policy alignment	Moderate consistency	Formal rules exceed delivery capacity	Relevant to Business
Conflict sensitivity	Context-dependent	Outcomes vary by local conditions	Requires targeted adaptation

*Note. Rapid publication table prepared for the Tanzania context.*

## Discussion

The discussion of Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective examines Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective in relation to Tanzania, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Business. This section is written as a approximately 396 to 607 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses interpret the findings, connect them to literature, and explain what they mean.

Outline guidance for this section is: Interpret the main findings on Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective; connect them to scholarship; explain implications for Tanzania; note practical relevance. In the context of Tanzania, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes The Fourth Industrial Revolution and the Recolonisation of Africa: The Coloniality of Data ), Rethinking Russian Foreign

---

Policy towards Africa: Prospects and Opportunities for Cooperation in New Geopolitical Realities ), In AI we trust?

Citizen perceptions of AI in government decision making ). This section follows Findings and leads into Conclusion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

## Conclusion

---

The conclusion of Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective examines Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective in relation to Tanzania, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Business. This section is written as a approximately 396 to 607 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses close crisply with the answer to the research problem, implications, and next steps.

Outline guidance for this section is: Answer the main question on Industrial Policy and Economic Diversification in Sub-Saharan Africa: Evidence and Prospects: A Subaltern Perspective; restate the contribution; note the most practical implication for Tanzania; suggest a next step. In the context of Tanzania, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes The Fourth Industrial Revolution and the Recolonisation of Africa: The Coloniality of Data ), Rethinking Russian Foreign Policy towards Africa: Prospects and Opportunities for Cooperation in New Geopolitical Realities ), In AI we trust?

Citizen perceptions of AI in government decision making ). This section follows Discussion and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

## Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

---

## References

- Benyera, E. (2021). The Fourth Industrial Revolution and the Recolonisation of Africa: The Coloniality of Data
- Haruna, A.I., & Salam, A. (2021). Rethinking Russian Foreign Policy towards Africa: Prospects and Opportunities for Cooperation in New Geopolitical Realities. *European Journal of Humanities and Social Sciences*
- Ingrams, A., Kaufmann, W., & Jacobs, D. (2021). In AI we trust? Citizen perceptions of AI in government decision making. *Policy & Internet*
- Kastner, S.L., & Pearson, M.M. (2021). Exploring the Parameters of China's Economic Influence. *Studies in Comparative International Development*