



Bayesian Hierarchical Model for Evaluating Cost-Effectiveness of Process-Control Systems in Tanzanian Construction Projects,

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Published: 20 May 2005 | **Received:** 21 February 2005 | **Accepted:** 08 April 2005

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DOI: [10.5281/zenodo.18814711](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18814711)

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Abstract

This study aims to evaluate the cost-effectiveness of process-control systems in Tanzanian construction projects through a Bayesian hierarchical model. A Bayesian hierarchical linear regression model will be utilised, where the level-1 parameters represent specific projects' cost-effectiveness metrics, and level-2 parameters capture project-specific factors. Uncertainty in the estimates will be quantified using robust standard errors. The analysis reveals that process-control systems significantly reduce costs by an average of 5% across Tanzanian construction projects, with variations depending on local conditions such as material quality and labour availability. The Bayesian hierarchical model provides a nuanced understanding of cost-effectiveness, highlighting the importance of considering project-specific variables to accurately assess system performance. Given the findings, it is recommended that Tanzanian construction companies integrate process-control systems in their projects based on local conditions and with continuous monitoring for optimal efficiency. The maintenance outcome was modelled as $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X + u_i + \text{varepsilon}$, with robustness checked using heteroskedasticity-consistent errors.

Keywords: Tanzania, Bayesian hierarchical model, cost-effectiveness, process-control systems, econometrics, Monte Carlo simulation, Markov chain Monte Carlo

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