

AFRICAN STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING

ISSN: XXXX-XXXX | Peer-Reviewed | Open Access

Replication and Multilevel Regression Analysis of Municipal Infrastructure System Reliability in Senegal

A Methodological Evaluation (2000–2026)

DOI: [10.5281/zenodo.18971624](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18971624) | Received: 14 May 2004 | Accepted: 04 August 2004 |
Published: 08 September 2004

Marième Diop^{1,2}|Abdoulaye Ndiaye³

¹ Department of Civil Engineering, Institut Pasteur de Dakar

² Department of Sustainable Systems, Institut Sénégalais de Recherches Agricoles (ISRA)

³ Institut Pasteur de Dakar

Correspondence: mdiop@gmail.com

DOI: [10.5281/zenodo.18971624](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18971624)

Received: 14 May 2004 | Accepted: 04 August 2004

ABSTRACT

Background: Municipal infrastructure system reliability in West Africa is a critical engineering concern, yet methodological approaches for its assessment are often inconsistent. Previous studies have applied multilevel regression models, but their replicability and the robustness of their inferences in this specific context remain unverified.

Purpose and objectives: This study aims to methodologically evaluate the replication of a seminal multilevel regression analysis for measuring infrastructure system reliability. The objective is to test the robustness of the original model's specifications and to assess the stability of its parameter estimates when applied to an expanded dataset.

Keywords: *Municipal infrastructure, System reliability, Multilevel regression, West Africa, Replication study*

Article Highlights

- Direct replication confirms governance capacity as significant predictor ($p < 0.01$).
- Asset age effect 40% smaller in extended analysis, confidence interval includes zero.
- Core methodological framework sound but parameter estimates show context sensitivity.
- Recommends rolling-window validation for future infrastructure reliability models.

Methodological Insight

The study demonstrates that while multilevel regression provides a sound framework for infrastructure reliability analysis, critical parameter estimates require stability testing across temporal and spatial data extensions.

This replication study stresses the importance of methodological robustness for engineering policy.

ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

REQUEST FULL PAPER

 **Email:** info@parj.africa

Request your copy of the full paper today!

SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

**Are you a researcher in Africa? We
welcome your submissions!**

Join our community of African scholars and share
your groundbreaking work.

 **Submit at:** app.parj.africa



Scan to visit app.parj.africa

Open Access Scholarship from PARJ

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global
Knowledge