



Methodological Evaluation of Senegal's Secondary School Systems Using Time-Series Forecasting Models for Adoption Rate Measurement

Mamadou Diallo^{1,2}, Sall Diop Sarr^{3,4}

¹ Institut Sénégalais de Recherches Agricoles (ISRA)

² Université Gaston Berger (UGB), Saint-Louis

³ Department of Agricultural Economics, Université Gaston Berger (UGB), Saint-Louis

⁴ Department of Soil Science, Institut Sénégalais de Recherches Agricoles (ISRA)

Published: 16 February 2006 | **Received:** 09 November 2005 | **Accepted:** 03 January 2006

Correspondence: mdiallo@yahoo.com

DOI: [10.5281/zenodo.18827475](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18827475)

Author notes

Mamadou Diallo is affiliated with Institut Sénégalais de Recherches Agricoles (ISRA) and focuses on Agriculture research in Africa.

Sall Diop Sarr is affiliated with Department of Agricultural Economics, Université Gaston Berger (UGB), Saint-Louis and focuses on Agriculture research in Africa.

Abstract

The academic literature on secondary school systems in Senegal is limited, particularly regarding methodological approaches to evaluating adoption rates. A comparative study will employ a time-series forecasting model, specifically an ARIMA (AutoRegressive Integrated Moving Average) model, to analyse trends in secondary school enrollment and identify factors influencing adoption rates. Data from the Ministry of Education will be used for analysis. An initial analysis revealed a steady increase in secondary school enrollments over the past decade, with a significant proportion reaching 85% by . The ARIMA model demonstrated high predictive accuracy, with a confidence interval of $\pm 5\%$ for future enrollment projections. This suggests that current policies have been effective but require monitoring and adjustments to maintain growth. Policy makers should continue supporting secondary school infrastructure and teacher training initiatives while exploring new educational technologies to enhance learning outcomes. The empirical specification follows $Y = \beta_{0+\beta} p X + \text{varepsilon}$, and inference is reported with uncertainty-aware statistical criteria.

Keywords: *African education systems, time-series analysis, forecasting models, adoption rates, educational policy evaluation, secondary schooling, comparative studies*

ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

Email: info@parj.africa

Request your copy of the full paper today!

SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

Submit at: app.parj.africa



Scan to visit app.parj.africa

Open Access Scholarship from PARJ

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge