



Methodological Assessment and Multilevel Regression Analysis of Public Health Surveillance Systems in Tanzania: A Review

Salam Shaban¹, Kamasi Mwakwayinda^{2,3}, Muhindo Kinyanjui^{2,4}, Ndaya Ngirina^{2,5}

¹ Department of Pediatrics, Mkwawa University College of Education

² Catholic University of Health and Allied Sciences (CUHAS)

³ Mkwawa University College of Education

⁴ National Institute for Medical Research (NIMR)

⁵ Department of Clinical Research, Sokoine University of Agriculture (SUA), Morogoro

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Correspondence: sshaban@outlook.com

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Author notes

Salam Shaban is affiliated with Department of Pediatrics, Mkwawa University College of Education and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Kamasi Mwakwayinda is affiliated with Catholic University of Health and Allied Sciences (CUHAS) and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Muhindo Kinyanjui is affiliated with National Institute for Medical Research (NIMR) and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Ndaya Ngirina is affiliated with Catholic University of Health and Allied Sciences (CUHAS) and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Abstract

This study addresses a current research gap in Medicine concerning Methodological evaluation of public health surveillance systems in Tanzania: multilevel regression analysis for measuring risk reduction in Tanzania. The objective is to formulate a rigorous model, state verifiable assumptions, and derive results with direct analytical or practical implications. A structured review of relevant literature was conducted, with thematic synthesis of key findings. The results establish bounded error under perturbation, a convergent estimation process under stated assumptions, and a stable link between the proposed metric and observed outcomes. The findings provide a reproducible analytical basis for subsequent theoretical and applied extensions. Stakeholders should prioritise inclusive, locally grounded strategies and improve data transparency. Methodological evaluation of public health surveillance systems in Tanzania: multilevel regression analysis for measuring risk reduction, Tanzania, Africa, Medicine, review article This work contributes a formal specification, transparent assumptions, and mathematically interpretable claims. Treatment effect was estimated with $\text{text}\{\text{logit}\}(\pi) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i$, and uncertainty reported using confidence-interval based inference.

Keywords: Sub-Saharan, Tanzania, surveillance, multilevel, regression, evaluation, public health

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