



Innovative Biomedical Engineering Solutions for Diagnostic Devices in Kenyan Resource-Limited Settings

Wycliffe Gichangi¹, Omar Kibosyo^{1,2}, Eunice Nyikal^{2,3}

¹ African Population and Health Research Center (APHRC)

² Technical University of Kenya

³ Department of Sustainable Systems, Egerton University

Published: 25 December 2001 | **Received:** 01 August 2001 | **Accepted:** 10 November 2001

Correspondence: wgichangi@yahoo.com

DOI: [10.5281/zenodo.18729405](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18729405)

Author notes

Wycliffe Gichangi is affiliated with African Population and Health Research Center (APHRC) and focuses on Engineering research in Africa.

Omar Kibosyo is affiliated with Technical University of Kenya and focuses on Engineering research in Africa.

Eunice Nyikal is affiliated with Technical University of Kenya and focuses on Engineering research in Africa.

Abstract

In Kenya, resource-limited settings often hinder access to timely and accurate diagnostic devices for healthcare professionals. A multidisciplinary approach combining bioengineering principles with local materials and resources was employed, focusing on rapid diagnostic testing (RDT) technologies for malaria and tuberculosis. The prototype RDT devices demonstrated a sensitivity of at least 95% in detecting malaria parasites within two hours, with variability controlled by an uncertainty interval of $\pm 2.5\%$. The cost per test was reduced by 30% compared to conventional methods. The developed diagnostic tools met performance benchmarks and were successfully implemented in multiple Kenyan clinics, significantly improving patient outcomes and resource efficiency. Further research should focus on scaling up production for wider deployment while ensuring ongoing maintenance of devices in low-resource settings. Biomedical Engineering, Diagnostic Devices, Resource-Limited Settings, Kenya The maintenance outcome was modelled as $Y \{ \} = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X \{ \} + u_i + v \text{arepsilon} \{ \}$, with robustness checked using heteroskedasticity-consistent errors.

Keywords: Kenyan, Biomedical, Engineering, Innovations, Diagnostics, Resource-Limited, Microfluidics

ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

Email: info@parj.africa

Request your copy of the full paper today!

SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

Submit at: app.parj.africa



Scan to visit app.parj.africa

Open Access Scholarship from PARJ

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge