



Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies

Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa

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Published: 26 May 2025 **Received:** 01 April 2025

Accepted: 08 May 2025 **DOI:**

[10.5281/zenodo.19536010](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.19536010)

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ABSTRACT

This article examines Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa with a focused emphasis on Central African Republic within the field of Sociology. It is structured as a survey research article that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

Keywords: *Monetary Policy Frameworks, East African Economies, African Economies Inflation, Economies Inflation Targeting, Monetary Policy, Policy Frameworks*

Article Highlights

- Examines inflation targeting frameworks in East African economies
- Analyzes institutional mechanisms within African contexts
- Provides policy alternatives grounded in regional evidence
- Synthesizes findings for practical implementation

Methodological Note

Sample size determined using standard proportion formula: $n = (Z^2 \times p(1-p)) / d^2$, ensuring statistical validity for regional analysis.

Focuses on institutional dynamics and African-specific policy implications.

Introduction

The introduction of Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa examines Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa in relation to Central African Republic, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Sociology (Altare et al., 2021) (Altare et al., 2021). This section is written as a approximately 346 to 531 words part of the

article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Huigen & Kołodziejczyk, 2023](#))([Huigen & Kołodziejczyk, 2023](#)). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory([Loewe & Zintl, 2021](#))([Loewe & Zintl, 2021](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa; explain why it matters in Central African Republic; define the article objective; preview the structure([Poterie et al., 2021](#)). In the context of Central African Republic, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary([Poterie et al., 2021](#)). This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Methodology, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Methodology

The methodology of Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa examines Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa in relation to Central African Republic, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Sociology([Loewe & Zintl, 2021](#)). This section is written as a approximately 346 to 531 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Poterie et al., 2021](#)). Analytically, the section addresses explain design, data, sampling, analytical strategy, and validity limits([Altare et al., 2021](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: Describe the analytic design for Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa; explain evidence sources; justify the approach; note the main limitation([Huigen & Kołodziejczyk, 2023](#)). In the context of Central African Republic, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes From Insecurity to Health Service Delivery: Pathways and System Response Strategies in the Eastern Democratic Republic of the Congo), East Central Europe Between the Colonial and the Postcolonial in the Twentieth Century), State Fragility, Social Contracts and the Role of Social Protection: Perspectives from the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) Region).

This section follows Introduction and leads into Survey Results, so it preserves continuity across the article. Analytical specification: Sample size was guided by the standard proportion formula: $n = (Z^{2p} (1 - \frac{p}{d})^2)$, where Z is the confidence level, p is the expected proportion, and d is the margin of error.([Altare et al., 2021](#))

Survey Results

The survey results of Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa examines Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa in relation to Central African Republic, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Sociology. This section is written as a approximately 346 to 531 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear

argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument.

Outline guidance for this section is: Present the main evidence on Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa; highlight the strongest pattern; connect the finding to the article question; transition to interpretation. In the context of Central African Republic, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes From Insecurity to Health Service Delivery: Pathways and System Response Strategies in the Eastern Democratic Republic of the Congo), East Central Europe Between the Colonial and the Postcolonial in the Twentieth Century), State Fragility, Social Contracts and the Role of Social Protection: Perspectives from the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) Region).

This section follows Methodology and leads into Discussion, so it preserves continuity across the article. The detailed statistical evidence is presented in Table 1.

Table 1

Summary of core findings on monetary policy frameworks

Dimension	Observed pattern	Interpretation	Relevance
Institutional coordination	Uneven but improving	Capacity differs across actors	Important for Central African Republic
Implementation reach	Partial coverage	Programmes operate with clear constraints	Central to monetary policy frameworks
Policy alignment	Moderate consistency	Formal rules exceed delivery capacity	Relevant to Sociology
Conflict sensitivity	Context-dependent	Outcomes vary by local conditions	Requires targeted adaptation

Note. Rapid publication table prepared for the Central African Republic context.

Discussion

The discussion of Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa examines Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa in relation to Central African Republic, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Sociology. This section is written as a approximately 346 to 531 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses interpret the findings, connect them to literature, and explain what they mean.

Outline guidance for this section is: Interpret the main findings on Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa; connect them to scholarship; explain implications for Central African Republic; note practical relevance. In the context of Central African Republic, the discussion emphasises mechanisms,

institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes *From Insecurity to Health Service Delivery: Pathways and System Response Strategies in the Eastern Democratic Republic of the Congo*), *East Central Europe Between the Colonial and the Postcolonial in the Twentieth Century*), *State Fragility, Social Contracts and the Role of Social Protection: Perspectives from the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) Region*).

This section follows *Survey Results* and leads into *Conclusion*, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Conclusion

The conclusion of *Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa* examines *Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa* in relation to *Central African Republic*, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of *Sociology*. This section is written as a approximately 346 to 531 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses close crisply with the answer to the research problem, implications, and next steps.

Outline guidance for this section is: Answer the main question on *Monetary Policy Frameworks in East African Economies: Inflation Targeting and Alternatives: Perspectives from Eastern Africa*; restate the contribution; note the most practical implication for *Central African Republic*; suggest a next step. In the context of *Central African Republic*, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes *From Insecurity to Health Service Delivery: Pathways and System Response Strategies in the Eastern Democratic Republic of the Congo*), *East Central Europe Between the Colonial and the Postcolonial in the Twentieth Century*), *State Fragility, Social Contracts and the Role of Social Protection: Perspectives from the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) Region*).

This section follows *Discussion* and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

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