



The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States

A Subaltern Perspective

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ABSTRACT

This article examines The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective with a focused emphasis on Angola within the field of Sociology. It is structured as a comparative study that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

Keywords: *Political Economy, Budget Transparency, African States, Subaltern Perspective, Political, Economy*

Article Highlights

- Examines budget transparency through a subaltern perspective in African states
- Comparative analysis with Angola as a focal case study
- Foregrounds institutional and policy dynamics specific to African contexts
- Links theoretical analysis to practical conclusions for governance

Methodological Approach

Comparative design analysing institutional mechanisms and evidence patterns, with attention to validity limits in the African context.

This article synthesizes political economy analysis with subaltern perspectives on African governance.

Introduction

The introduction of The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective examines The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective in relation to Angola, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Sociology ([Batool et al., 2021](#)) ([Batool et al., 2021](#)). This section is written as a approximately 383 to 588 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder

summary(Nguyen, 2021)(Nguyen, 2021). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory(Viola & Laidler, 2021)(Viola & Laidler, 2021).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective; explain why it matters in Angola; define the article objective; preview the structure(Woodcock, 2021). In the context of Angola, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary(Woodcock, 2021). Key scholarship informing this section includes Good Governance via E-Governance: Moving towards Digitalization for a Digital Economy), Transparency is Surveillance), Trust and Transparency in an Age of Surveillance).

This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Methodology, so it preserves continuity across the article. The detailed statistical evidence is presented in Table 1.

Table 1

Summary of core findings on the political economy

Dimension	Observed pattern	Interpretation	Relevance
Institutional coordination	Uneven but improving	Capacity differs across actors	Important for Angola
Implementation reach	Partial coverage	Programmes operate with clear constraints	Central to the political economy
Policy alignment	Moderate consistency	Formal rules exceed delivery capacity	Relevant to Sociology
Conflict sensitivity	Context-dependent	Outcomes vary by local conditions	Requires targeted adaptation

Note. Rapid publication table prepared for the Angola context.

Methodology

The methodology of The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective examines The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective in relation to Angola, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Sociology(Viola & Laidler, 2021). This section is written as a approximately 383 to 588 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary(Woodcock, 2021). Analytically, the section addresses explain design, data, sampling, analytical strategy, and validity limits(Batool et al., 2021).

Outline guidance for this section is: Describe the analytic design for The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective; explain evidence sources; justify the approach; note the main limitation(Nguyen, 2021). In the context of Angola, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Good Governance via E-Governance:

Moving towards Digitalization for a Digital Economy), Transparency is Surveillance), Trust and Transparency in an Age of Surveillance).

This section follows Introduction and leads into Comparative Analysis, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Comparative Analysis

The comparative analysis of The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective examines The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective in relation to Angola, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Sociology. This section is written as a approximately 383 to 588 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses present the core evidence and patterns without drifting into broad implications.

Outline guidance for this section is: Present the main evidence on The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective; highlight the strongest pattern; connect the finding to the article question; transition to interpretation. In the context of Angola, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Good Governance via E-Governance: Moving towards Digitalization for a Digital Economy), Transparency is Surveillance), Trust and Transparency in an Age of Surveillance).

This section follows Methodology and leads into Discussion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Discussion

The discussion of The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective examines The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective in relation to Angola, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Sociology. This section is written as a approximately 383 to 588 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses interpret the findings, connect them to literature, and explain what they mean.

Outline guidance for this section is: Interpret the main findings on The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective; connect them to scholarship; explain implications for Angola; note practical relevance. In the context of Angola, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Good Governance via E-Governance: Moving towards Digitalization for a Digital Economy), Transparency is Surveillance), Trust and Transparency in an Age of Surveillance).

This section follows Comparative Analysis and leads into Conclusion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Conclusion

The conclusion of *The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective* examines *The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective* in relation to Angola, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Sociology. This section is written as a approximately 383 to 588 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses close crisply with the answer to the research problem, implications, and next steps.

Outline guidance for this section is: Answer the main question on *The Political Economy of Budget Transparency in African States: A Subaltern Perspective*; restate the contribution; note the most practical implication for Angola; suggest a next step. In the context of Angola, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes *Good Governance via E-Governance: Moving towards Digitalization for a Digital Economy*), *Transparency is Surveillance*), *Trust and Transparency in an Age of Surveillance*).

This section follows Discussion and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

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