



## Economic Blocs in Africa: Comparative Dynamics in Tunisia

Abdelaziz Benabdallah<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Institut Pasteur de Tunis

**Published:** 07 July 2003 | **Received:** 16 January 2003 | **Accepted:** 10 May 2003

**Correspondence:** [abenabdallah@hotmail.com](mailto:abenabdallah@hotmail.com)

**DOI:** [10.5281/zenodo.18777981](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18777981)

### Author notes

*Abdelaziz Benabdallah is affiliated with Institut Pasteur de Tunis and focuses on African Studies research in Africa.*

### Abstract

The establishment of regional economic blocs in Africa has been a significant development in the continent's political and economic landscape. Tunisia, as an influential country within the Maghreb region, has played a pivotal role in these developments. A qualitative approach will be employed to analyse existing literature and official documents regarding the establishment and functioning of regional economic blocs in Tunisia. Tunisia's experience highlights the importance of strategic alliances for enhancing intra-regional trade and development within Africa. Governments should consider fostering similar regional blocs to promote economic integration and stability in Africa.

**Keywords:** *North African, Maghreb, Mercosur, Preferential Trading Areas, Pan-African Economic Community, Comparative Political Economy, Regional Integration Studies*

## ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

**Email:** [info@parj.africa](mailto:info@parj.africa)

Request your copy of the full paper today!

## SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

**Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!**

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

**Submit at:** [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)



Scan to visit [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)

**Open Access Scholarship from PARJ**

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge