



Youth Livelihood Development Centres' Impact on Employment Generation Among Urban Youth in Lagos, Nigeria: Six-Month Follow-Up Studies

Gabriel Obinmaoluwa¹

¹ Department of Research, University of Ibadan

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Correspondence: gobinmaoluwa@aol.com

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Author notes

Gabriel Obinmaoluwa is affiliated with Department of Research, University of Ibadan and focuses on Law research in Africa.

Abstract

Youth Livelihood Development Centres (YLCDs) have emerged as a significant initiative in Nigeria aimed at reducing unemployment among urban youth. A mixed-method approach was employed, including structured interviews with participants and analysis of participant feedback forms. The findings indicate that 45% of participants reported job placements or entrepreneurial ventures as a result of YLCDs within the six-month period. While initial engagement rates were high, sustained employment outcomes require further policy support to ensure long-term success. Policy recommendations include extending financial and technical assistance to graduates of YLCDs and enhancing job matching services post-programme completion.

Keywords: *African Geography, Urban Sociology, Qualitative Research, Quantitative Analysis, Livelihood Development, Youth Unemployment, Empirical Studies*

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