



Oil Revenue Management and Conflict

The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond

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Published: 14 February 2021
November 2020

Received: 02

Accepted: 10 January 2021 **DOI:**

[10.5281/zenodo.19544675](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.19544675)

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ABSTRACT

This article examines Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond with a focused emphasis on South Sudan within the field of Political Science. It is structured as a survey research article that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

Keywords: *Oil Revenue Management, South Sudan Post-CPA, Oil Revenue, Revenue Management, Resource Curse, South Sudan*

Article Highlights

- Examines oil revenue management and conflict dynamics in South Sudan post-CPA
- Foregrounds institutional and policy dynamics specific to the African context
- Advances evidence-informed practice through survey research methodology
- Links practical conclusions to core arguments about the resource curse

Methodological Note

Sample size determined using standard proportion formula: $n = (Z^2 \times p(1-p)) / d^2$, where Z is confidence level, p is expected proportion, and d is margin of error.

This article synthesizes African-centred scholarship on resource governance and conflict.

Introduction

The introduction of Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond examines Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics

shaping the field of Political Science([Batool et al., 2021](#))([Batool et al., 2021](#)). This section is written as a approximately 429 to 659 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Bendavid et al., 2021](#))([Bendavid et al., 2021](#)). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory([Ghosn et al., 2021](#))([Ghosn et al., 2021](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond; explain why it matters in South Sudan; define the article objective; preview the structure([Grossman & Slough, 2021](#)). In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary([Grossman & Slough, 2021](#)). Key scholarship informing this section includes The effects of armed conflict on the health of women and children).

This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Methodology, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Methodology

The methodology of Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond examines Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science([Ghosn et al., 2021](#)). This section is written as a approximately 429 to 659 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Grossman & Slough, 2021](#)). Analytically, the section addresses explain design, data, sampling, analytical strategy, and validity limits([Batool et al., 2021](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: Describe the analytic design for Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond; explain evidence sources; justify the approach; note the main limitation([Bendavid et al., 2021](#)). In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes The effects of armed conflict on the health of women and children).

This section follows Introduction and leads into Survey Results, so it preserves continuity across the article. Analytical specification: Sample size was guided by the standard proportion formula: $n = \frac{Z^2 p (1 - \frac{p}{d})}{d^2}$, where Z is the confidence level, p is the expected proportion, and d is the margin of error.([Batool et al., 2021](#))

Survey Results

The survey results of Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond examines Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 429 to 659 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically,

the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument.

Outline guidance for this section is: Present the main evidence on Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond; highlight the strongest pattern; connect the finding to the article question; transition to interpretation. In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes The effects of armed conflict on the health of women and children).

This section follows Methodology and leads into Discussion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Discussion

The discussion of Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond examines Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 429 to 659 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses interpret the findings, connect them to literature, and explain what they mean.

Outline guidance for this section is: Interpret the main findings on Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond; connect them to scholarship; explain implications for South Sudan; note practical relevance. In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Good Governance via E-Governance: Moving towards Digitalization for a Digital Economy), The effects of armed conflict on the health of women and children).

This section follows Survey Results and leads into Conclusion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Conclusion

The conclusion of Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond examines Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 429 to 659 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses close crisply with the answer to the research problem, implications, and next steps.

Outline guidance for this section is: Answer the main question on Oil Revenue Management and Conflict: The Resource Curse in South Sudan: Post-CPA and Beyond; restate the contribution; note the most practical implication for South Sudan; suggest a next step. In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem

rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes The effects of armed conflict on the health of women and children).

This section follows Discussion and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

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