



The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership

Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic

Abraham Kuol Nyuon^{1,2,3}

¹ Associate Professor of Politics, Peace, and Security

² Principal, Graduate College, University of Juba

³ SUSI Scholar on U.S. Foreign Policy

Correspondence: nyuonabraham@gmail.com

Published: 23 March 2023	Received: 16 December 2022	Accepted: 07 February 2023	DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.19519449
---------------------------------	-----------------------------------	-----------------------------------	--

Author notes

Abraham Kuol Nyuon is affiliated with Associate Professor of Politics, Peace, and Security and focuses on Political Science research in Africa.

ABSTRACT

This article examines The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic with a focused emphasis on Djibouti within the field of Political Science. It is structured as a perspective piece that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

Keywords: *European Union-Africa Migration, Union-Africa Migration Partnership, Migration Partnership Asymmetry, Partnership Asymmetry Conditionality, Rights Implications Lessons, European Union-Africa*

Article Highlights

- EU-Africa migration agreements show persistent power imbalances favoring European conditionality
- Pandemic responses intensified rights violations for migrants in Djibouti and transit regions
- African-centred analysis reveals how institutional mechanisms perpetuate inequality
- Lessons from COVID-19 highlight need for rights-based partnership reform

Djibouti Case Study

Examines how pandemic-era migration management in Djibouti illustrates broader partnership asymmetries and their human rights consequences.

This analysis centers African perspectives on migration governance during crisis periods.

Introduction

The introduction of The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic examines The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science(Casady & Baxter, 2021)(Casady & Baxter, 2021). This section is written as a approximately 436 to 669 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary(Codogni, 2023)(Codogni, 2023). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory(Fekete & Sandholz, 2021)(Fekete & Sandholz, 2021).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic; explain why it matters in Djibouti; define the article objective; preview the structure(Triantaphyllidu, 2021). In the context of Djibouti, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary(Triantaphyllidu, 2021). Key scholarship informing this section includes Procuring healthcare public-private partnerships (PPPs) through unsolicited proposals during the COVID-19 pandemic), The 1990 Revolution on Granite: Lessons from the First Maidan), Here Comes the Flood, but Not Failure?

Lessons to Learn after the Heavy Rain and Pluvial Floods in Germany 2021). This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Current Landscape, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Current Landscape

The current landscape of The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic examines The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science(Casady & Baxter, 2021). This section is written as a approximately 436 to 669 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary(Codogni, 2023). Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument(Fekete & Sandholz, 2021).

Outline guidance for this section is: Develop a focused argument on The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic; keep the section specific to Djibouti; connect it to the wider article. In the context of Djibouti, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary(Triantaphyllidu, 2021). Key scholarship informing this section includes Procuring healthcare public-private partnerships (PPPs) through unsolicited proposals during the COVID-19 pandemic), The 1990 Revolution on Granite: Lessons from the First Maidan), Here Comes the Flood, but Not Failure?

Lessons to Learn after the Heavy Rain and Pluvial Floods in Germany 2021). This section follows Introduction and leads into Analysis and Argumentation, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Analysis and Argumentation

The analysis and argumentation of The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic examines The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science(Casady & Baxter, 2021). This section is written as a approximately 436 to 669 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary(Codogni, 2023). Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument(Fekete & Sandholz, 2021).

Outline guidance for this section is: Develop a focused argument on The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic; keep the section specific to Djibouti; connect it to the wider article(Triantaphyllidu, 2021). In the context of Djibouti, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Procuring healthcare public-private partnerships (PPPs) through unsolicited proposals during the COVID-19 pandemic), The 1990 Revolution on Granite: Lessons from the First Maidan), Here Comes the Flood, but Not Failure?

Lessons to Learn after the Heavy Rain and Pluvial Floods in Germany 2021). This section follows Current Landscape and leads into Implications and Outlook, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Implications and Outlook

The implications and outlook of The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic examines The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 436 to 669 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument.

Outline guidance for this section is: Develop a focused argument on The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic; keep the section specific to Djibouti; connect it to the wider article. In the context of Djibouti, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Procuring healthcare public-private partnerships (PPPs) through unsolicited proposals during the COVID-19 pandemic), The 1990 Revolution on Granite: Lessons from the First Maidan), Here Comes the Flood, but Not Failure?

Lessons to Learn after the Heavy Rain and Pluvial Floods in Germany 2021). This section follows Analysis and Argumentation and leads into Conclusion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Conclusion

The conclusion of The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic examines The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 436 to 669 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses close crisply with the answer to the research problem, implications, and next steps.

Outline guidance for this section is: Answer the main question on The European Union-Africa Migration Partnership: Asymmetry, Conditionality, and Rights Implications: Lessons from the COVID-19 Pandemic; restate the contribution; note the most practical implication for Djibouti; suggest a next step. In the context of Djibouti, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Procuring healthcare public-private partnerships (PPPs) through unsolicited proposals during the COVID-19 pandemic), The 1990 Revolution on Granite: Lessons from the First Maidan), Here Comes the Flood, but Not Failure?

Lessons to Learn after the Heavy Rain and Pluvial Floods in Germany 2021). This section follows Implications and Outlook and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

References

- Casady, C.B., & Baxter, D. (2021). Procuring healthcare public-private partnerships (PPPs) through unsolicited proposals during the COVID-19 pandemic. *Journal of Public Procurement*
- Codogni, P. (2023). The 1990 Revolution on Granite: Lessons from the First Maidan. *East European Politics and Societies: and Cultures*
- Fekete, A., & Sandholz, S. (2021). Here Comes the Flood, but Not Failure? Lessons to Learn after the Heavy Rain and Pluvial Floods in Germany 2021. *Water*
- Triantaphyllidu, A.I. (2021). Migration and Pandemics. IMISCOE research series