



Adoption and Health Outcomes of Community-Based HIV/AIDS Prevention Strategies in Rwandan Slums, 2010s

Kizito Mukaso¹, Hakizimana Nsabashi^{2,3}, Nkubiti Karema^{4,5}, Rutaganda Hakiwira^{6,7}

¹ Department of Data Science, University of Rwanda

² Department of Software Engineering, University of Rwanda

³ Rwanda Environment Management Authority (REMA)

⁴ Department of Software Engineering, African Leadership University (ALU), Kigali

⁵ Department of Cybersecurity, Rwanda Environment Management Authority (REMA)

⁶ Department of Artificial Intelligence, University of Rwanda

⁷ Department of Software Engineering, Rwanda Environment Management Authority (REMA)

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Correspondence: kmukaso@gmail.com

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Author notes

Kizito Mukaso is affiliated with Department of Data Science, University of Rwanda and focuses on Computer Science research in Africa.

Hakizimana Nsabashi is affiliated with Department of Software Engineering, University of Rwanda and focuses on Computer Science research in Africa.

Nkubiti Karema is affiliated with Department of Software Engineering, African Leadership University (ALU), Kigali and focuses on Computer Science research in Africa.

Rutaganda Hakiwira is affiliated with Department of Artificial Intelligence, University of Rwanda and focuses on Computer Science research in Africa.

Abstract

This study addresses a current research gap in Computer Science concerning Community-Based HIV/AIDS Prevention Strategies in Rwandan Slums: Adoption Rates and Health Outcomes in Rwanda. The objective is to formulate a rigorous model, state verifiable assumptions, and derive results with direct analytical or practical implications. A structured review of relevant literature was conducted, with thematic synthesis of key findings. The results establish bounded error under perturbation, a convergent estimation process under stated assumptions, and a stable link between the proposed metric and observed outcomes. The findings provide a reproducible analytical basis for subsequent theoretical and applied extensions. Stakeholders should prioritise inclusive, locally grounded strategies and improve data transparency. Community-Based HIV/AIDS Prevention Strategies in Rwandan Slums: Adoption Rates and Health Outcomes, Rwanda, Africa, Computer Science, systematic review. This work contributes a formal specification, transparent assumptions, and mathematically interpretable claims. Model estimation used $\hat{\theta} = \text{argmin}\{\theta\} \text{sumiell}(y_i, f\theta(\xi)) + \lambda \text{Vert}\theta_r \text{Vert}^2$, with performance evaluated using out-of-sample error.

Keywords: *African geography, community health interventions, epidemiology, qualitative methods, randomized controlled trials, social mobilization, sustainable development approaches*

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