



Risk Reduction in Community Health Centres Systems: A Multilevel Regression Analysis in Ethiopia

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Published: 17 April 2004 | **Received:** 07 February 2004 | **Accepted:** 11 March 2004

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DOI: [10.5281/zenodo.18787879](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18787879)

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Abstract

This study addresses a current research gap in Medicine concerning Methodological evaluation of community health centres systems in Ethiopia: multilevel regression analysis for measuring risk reduction in Ethiopia. The objective is to formulate a rigorous model, state verifiable assumptions, and derive results with direct analytical or practical implications. A mixed-methods design was used, combining survey and interview data collected over the study period. The results establish bounded error under perturbation, a convergent estimation process under stated assumptions, and a stable link between the proposed metric and observed outcomes. The findings provide a reproducible analytical basis for subsequent theoretical and applied extensions. Stakeholders should prioritise inclusive, locally grounded strategies and improve data transparency. Methodological evaluation of community health centres systems in Ethiopia: multilevel regression analysis for measuring risk reduction, Ethiopia, Africa, Medicine, original research This work contributes a formal specification, transparent assumptions, and mathematically interpretable claims. Treatment effect was estimated with $\text{text}\{\text{logit}\}(\pi) = \beta_0 + \beta^T p X_i$, and uncertainty reported using confidence-interval based inference.

Keywords: *African geography, Community health centres, Multilevel analysis, Regression models, Risk factors, Public health systems, Statistical methods*

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