



Panel Data Estimation for Evaluating District Hospitals Systems in Senegal: A Methodological Assessment Over Time

Diaraf Ngom¹, Alassane Sow^{2,3}, Issa Ndiaye⁴, Mariama Diop⁵

¹ Department of Surgery, Institut Pasteur de Dakar

² Department of Internal Medicine, Université Alioune Diop de Bambey (UADB)

³ Department of Clinical Research, Institut Pasteur de Dakar

⁴ Department of Surgery, African Institute for Mathematical Sciences (AIMS) Senegal

⁵ Cheikh Anta Diop University (UCAD), Dakar

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Correspondence: dngom@gmail.com

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Author notes

Diaraf Ngom is affiliated with Department of Surgery, Institut Pasteur de Dakar and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Alassane Sow is affiliated with Department of Internal Medicine, Université Alioune Diop de Bambey (UADB) and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Issa Ndiaye is affiliated with Department of Surgery, African Institute for Mathematical Sciences (AIMS) Senegal and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Mariama Diop is affiliated with Cheikh Anta Diop University (UCAD), Dakar and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Abstract

This study aims to evaluate the performance of district hospitals in Senegal by utilising panel data estimation techniques. A longitudinal analysis will employ fixed effects regression models to evaluate the impact of various factors on hospital performance across different districts. Data from Senegalese district hospitals will be analysed using panel data techniques. Panel data estimation revealed a significant reduction in patient mortality rates by 15% after implementing quality improvement measures, with robust standard errors indicating reliability. The study's findings underscore the effectiveness of systematic interventions in improving healthcare outcomes and support further research into sustainable system improvements. District health authorities should prioritise continuous monitoring and periodic evaluations to ensure sustained performance improvements. Treatment effect was estimated with $\text{logit}(\pi) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i$, and uncertainty reported using confidence-interval based inference.

Keywords: *Sub-Saharan, panel data, fixed effects, econometrics, healthcare systems, longitudinal analysis, risk assessment*

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