



Methodological Evaluation of District Hospitals Systems in Ethiopia Using Difference-in-Differences for System Reliability Assessment

Fasil Abeba¹, Abraha Mekonnen², Ayana Woldemichael³, Kassahun Teshome^{1,4}

¹ Department of Public Health, Mekelle University

² Adama Science and Technology University (ASTU)

³ Africa Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (Africa CDC), Addis Ababa

⁴ Department of Public Health, Adama Science and Technology University (ASTU)

Published: 26 November 2009 | **Received:** 02 September 2009 | **Accepted:** 02 November 2009

Correspondence: fabeba@gmail.com

DOI: [10.5281/zenodo.18894492](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18894492)

Author notes

Fasil Abeba is affiliated with Department of Public Health, Mekelle University and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Abraha Mekonnen is affiliated with Adama Science and Technology University (ASTU) and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Ayana Woldemichael is affiliated with Africa Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (Africa CDC), Addis Ababa and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Kassahun Teshome is affiliated with Department of Public Health, Mekelle University and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Abstract

District hospitals in Ethiopia face challenges in maintaining reliable healthcare services due to varying system capacities. A difference-in-differences approach was employed to assess changes in service delivery quality before and after implementing new system enhancements. Data from pre- and post-intervention periods were analysed using statistical software. The DiD analysis revealed a significant improvement ($p < 0.05$) in the proportion of patients receiving timely healthcare services, indicating enhanced reliability. The DiD model provided robust evidence supporting system improvements, contributing to more reliable service delivery across district hospitals. Continued monitoring and periodic enhancements are recommended based on observed improvements. Difference-in-Differences (DiD), System Reliability, Ethiopian District Hospitals Treatment effect was estimated with $\text{text} \{ \logit \} (\pi) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i$, and uncertainty reported using confidence-interval based inference.

Keywords: Ethiopia, District Hospitals, Methodological Evaluation, System Reliability, Difference-in-Differences, Health Services, Quantitative Methods

ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

Email: info@parj.africa

Request your copy of the full paper today!

SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

Submit at: app.parj.africa



Scan to visit app.parj.africa

Open Access Scholarship from PARJ

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge