



Evaluating a community-based participatory hygiene intervention on trachoma follicular prevalence in hyperendemic Amhara, Ethiopia: a cluster-randomised trial

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Abstract

This study addresses a current research gap in Medicine concerning Quantifying the impact of a community-based participatory hygiene promotion on trachoma follicular prevalence in hyperendemic districts of Amhara, Ethiopia in Ethiopia. The objective is to clarify key debates, identify practical implications, and outline a focused agenda for scholarship and policy. A mixed-methods design was used, combining survey and interview data collected over the study period. The analysis indicates persistent structural constraints alongside emerging local innovations; however, evidence remains uneven across contexts and sectors. The paper argues for context-specific approaches and stronger empirical foundations in future research. Stakeholders should prioritise inclusive, locally grounded strategies and improve data transparency. Quantifying the impact of a community-based participatory hygiene promotion on trachoma follicular prevalence in hyperendemic districts of Amhara, Ethiopia, Ethiopia, Africa, Medicine, intervention study This structured abstract provides a standardised summary to support rapid screening, indexing, and assessment of scholarly contribution.

Keywords: *Trachoma, Community-based participatory research, Hygiene promotion, Cluster-randomised trial, Amhara Region*

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