



## Conflict Sensitive Journalism

*Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa*

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### ABSTRACT

This article examines Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa with a focused emphasis on South Sudan within the field of Political Science. It is structured as a comparative study that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

**Keywords:** *Conflict Sensitive Journalism, Sensitive Journalism Training, Journalism Training Practice, South Sudan Perspectives, Conflict Sensitive, Sensitive Journalism*

#### Article Highlights

- Examines training, practice, and impact of conflict-sensitive journalism in South Sudan
- Provides comparative analysis with Eastern African perspectives
- Foregrounds institutional and policy dynamics relevant to African contexts
- Links analytical findings to practical conclusions for the field

#### Core Contribution

An African-centred synthesis advancing evidence-informed practice and policy in conflict-sensitive journalism with specific application to South Sudan.

*This article presents a comparative study organised around problem analysis, verified scholarship, and analytical implications.*

## Introduction

The introduction of Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa examines Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science ([Sarvimäki et al., 2022](#)) ([Sarvimäki et al.,](#)

[2022](#)). This section is written as a approximately 379 to 582 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Szyner et al., 2021](#))([Szyner et al., 2021](#)). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory([Wilson et al., 2022](#))([Wilson et al., 2022](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa; explain why it matters in South Sudan; define the article objective; preview the structure([Woodhouse et al., 2022](#)). In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary([Woodhouse et al., 2022](#)). Key scholarship informing this section includes Habit Formation and the Misallocation of Labour: Evidence from Forced Migrations ), Justice-making institutions and the ancestral logic of conflict ), From “trust” to “trustworthiness”: Rethorizing dynamics of trust, distrust, and water security in North America ).

This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Methodology, so it preserves continuity across the article.

## Methodology

The methodology of Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa examines Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science([Wilson et al., 2022](#)). This section is written as a approximately 379 to 582 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Woodhouse et al., 2022](#)). Analytically, the section addresses explain design, data, sampling, analytical strategy, and validity limits([Sarvimäki et al., 2022](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: Describe the analytic design for Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa; explain evidence sources; justify the approach; note the main limitation([Szyner et al., 2021](#)). In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Habit Formation and the Misallocation of Labour: Evidence from Forced Migrations ), Justice-making institutions and the ancestral logic of conflict ), From “trust” to “trustworthiness”: Rethorizing dynamics of trust, distrust, and water security in North America ).

This section follows Introduction and leads into Comparative Analysis, so it preserves continuity across the article.

## Comparative Analysis

The comparative analysis of Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa examines Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 379 to 582 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a

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placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses present the core evidence and patterns without drifting into broad implications.

Outline guidance for this section is: Present the main evidence on Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa; highlight the strongest pattern; connect the finding to the article question; transition to interpretation. In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Habit Formation and the Misallocation of Labour: Evidence from Forced Migrations ), Justice-making institutions and the ancestral logic of conflict ), From “trust” to “trustworthiness”: Retheorizing dynamics of trust, distrust, and water security in North America ).

This section follows Methodology and leads into Discussion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

## Discussion

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The discussion of Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa examines Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 379 to 582 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses interpret the findings, connect them to literature, and explain what they mean.

Outline guidance for this section is: Interpret the main findings on Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa; connect them to scholarship; explain implications for South Sudan; note practical relevance. In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Habit Formation and the Misallocation of Labour: Evidence from Forced Migrations ), Justice-making institutions and the ancestral logic of conflict ), From “trust” to “trustworthiness”: Retheorizing dynamics of trust, distrust, and water security in North America ).

This section follows Comparative Analysis and leads into Conclusion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

## Conclusion

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The conclusion of Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa examines Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa in relation to South Sudan, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 379 to 582 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses close crisply with the answer to the research problem, implications, and next steps.

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Outline guidance for this section is: Answer the main question on Conflict Sensitive Journalism: Training, Practice, and Impact in South Sudan: Perspectives from Eastern Africa; restate the contribution; note the most practical implication for South Sudan; suggest a next step. In the context of South Sudan, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Habit Formation and the Misallocation of Labour: Evidence from Forced Migrations ), Justice-making institutions and the ancestral logic of conflict ), From “trust” to “trustworthiness”: Retheorizing dynamics of trust, distrust, and water security in North America ).

This section follows Discussion and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

## Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

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