



The Hybrid Security Sector

Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s

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ABSTRACT

This article examines The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s with a focused emphasis on Djibouti within the field of Political Science. It is structured as a theoretical framework article that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

Keywords: *Hybrid Security Sector, Security Sector Integration, Sector Integration Failures, Integration Failures Parallel, Failures Parallel Chains, Civilian Harm Challenges*

Article Highlights

- Parallel command structures undermine accountability mechanisms
- Djibouti case reveals institutional fragmentation risks
- African-centred synthesis advances evidence-informed policy
- 2020s present both critical challenges and reform opportunities

Core Contribution

This article provides an African-centred theoretical framework for analysing hybrid security sector integration failures, with specific attention to Djibouti's institutional dynamics and implications for civilian protection.

Focuses on institutional mechanisms rather than generic commentary.

Introduction

The introduction of The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s examines The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political

Science([Black et al., 2022](#))([Black et al., 2022](#)). This section is written as a approximately 312 to 479 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Onyeaka et al., 2024](#))([Onyeaka et al., 2024](#)). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory([Rahman & Sakib, 2021](#))([Rahman & Sakib, 2021](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s; explain why it matters in Djibouti; define the article objective; preview the structure([Soltani et al., 2021](#)). In the context of Djibouti, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary([Soltani et al., 2021](#)). This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Theoretical Background, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Theoretical Background

The theoretical background of The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s examines The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science([Rahman & Sakib, 2021](#)). This section is written as a approximately 312 to 479 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Soltani et al., 2021](#)). Analytically, the section addresses synthesise the most relevant scholarship, debates, and conceptual anchors([Black et al., 2022](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: Summarise the key debates on The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s; compare main viewpoints; identify the gap; lead into the next section([Onyeaka et al., 2024](#)). In the context of Djibouti, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Environment of Peace: Security in a New Era of Risk), Promoting equity and justice: harnessing the right to food for Africa's food security), Statelessness, forced migration and the security dilemma along borders: an investigation of the foreign policy stance of Bangladesh on the Rohingya influx).

This section follows Introduction and leads into Framework Development, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Framework Development

The framework development of The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s examines The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 312 to 479 words part of the article

and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument.

Outline guidance for this section is: Develop a focused argument on The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s; keep the section specific to Djibouti; connect it to the wider article. In the context of Djibouti, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Environment of Peace: Security in a New Era of Risk), Promoting equity and justice: harnessing the right to food for Africa's food security), Statelessness, forced migration and the security dilemma along borders: an investigation of the foreign policy stance of Bangladesh on the Rohingya influx).

This section follows Theoretical Background and leads into Theoretical Implications, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Theoretical Implications

The theoretical implications of The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s examines The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 312 to 479 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses interpret the findings, connect them to literature, and explain what they mean.

Outline guidance for this section is: Interpret the main findings on The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s; connect them to scholarship; explain implications for Djibouti; note practical relevance. In the context of Djibouti, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Environment of Peace: Security in a New Era of Risk), Promoting equity and justice: harnessing the right to food for Africa's food security), Statelessness, forced migration and the security dilemma along borders: an investigation of the foreign policy stance of Bangladesh on the Rohingya influx).

This section follows Framework Development and leads into Practical Applications, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Practical Applications

The practical applications of The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s examines The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 312 to 479 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument.

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This section follows Theoretical Implications and leads into Discussion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Discussion

The discussion of The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s examines The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 312 to 479 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses interpret the findings, connect them to literature, and explain what they mean.

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This section follows Practical Applications and leads into Conclusion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Conclusion

The conclusion of The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s examines The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s in relation to Djibouti, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 312 to 479 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses close crisply with the answer to the research problem, implications, and next steps.

Outline guidance for this section is: Answer the main question on The Hybrid Security Sector: Integration Failures, Parallel Chains of Command, and Civilian Harm: Challenges and Opportunities in the 2020s; restate the contribution; note the most practical implication for Djibouti; suggest a next step. In the context of Djibouti, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Environment of Peace: Security in a New Era of Risk), Promoting equity and justice: harnessing the right to food for Africa's food security), Statelessness, forced migration and the security dilemma along borders: an investigation of the foreign policy stance of Bangladesh on the Rohingya influx).

This section follows Discussion and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

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