



The Political Economy of Electoral Violence

Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa

Abraham Kuol Nyuon^{1,2,3}

¹ Associate Professor of Politics, Peace, and Security

² Principal, Graduate College, University of Juba

³ SUSI Scholar on U.S. Foreign Policy

Correspondence: nyuonabraham@gmail.com

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Author notes

Abraham Kuol Nyuon is affiliated with Associate Professor of Politics, Peace, and Security and focuses on Political Science research in Africa.

ABSTRACT

This article examines The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa with a focused emphasis on Kenya within the field of Political Science. It is structured as a short report that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

Keywords: *Electoral Violence Resource, Violence Resource Competition, Inter-Group Conflict Comparative, Conflict Comparative Analysis, Political Economy, Electoral Violence*

Article Highlights

- Resource scarcity intensifies electoral competition and violence in Kenya
- Institutional fragility enables political manipulation of ethnic divisions
- Comparative analysis reveals regional patterns in conflict mechanisms
- African-centred synthesis informs context-specific policy interventions

Methodological Approach

Comparative case analysis across East Africa with Kenya as primary focus, examining institutional dynamics and resource distribution patterns.

This analysis centers African perspectives on electoral violence mechanisms.

Introduction

The introduction of The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa examines The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa in

relation to Kenya, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science(Duriesmith & Ismail, 2022)(Duriesmith & Ismail, 2022). This section is written as a approximately 505 to 774 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary(Jensen-Eriksen et al., 2021)(Jensen-Eriksen et al., 2021). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory(Liere & Meinema, 2022)(Liere & Meinema, 2022).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa; explain why it matters in Kenya; define the article objective; preview the structure(Woodcock, 2021). In the context of Kenya, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary(Woodcock, 2021). This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Methods, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Methods

The methods of The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa examines The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa in relation to Kenya, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science(Liere & Meinema, 2022). This section is written as a approximately 505 to 774 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary(Woodcock, 2021). Analytically, the section addresses explain design, data, sampling, analytical strategy, and validity limits(Duriesmith & Ismail, 2022).

Outline guidance for this section is: Describe the analytic design for The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa; explain evidence sources; justify the approach; note the main limitation(Jensen-Eriksen et al., 2021). In the context of Kenya, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Masculinities and Disengagement from Jihadi Networks: The Case of Indonesian Militant Islamists), The Political Analyst's Field Guide to Finland), Material Perspectives on Religion, Conflict, and Violence).

This section follows Introduction and leads into Results, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Results

The results of The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa examines The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa in relation to Kenya, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 505 to 774 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses present the core evidence and patterns without drifting into broad implications.

Outline guidance for this section is: Present the main evidence on The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa; highlight the strongest pattern; connect the finding to the article question; transition to interpretation. In the context of Kenya, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Masculinities and Disengagement from Jihadi Networks: The Case of Indonesian Militant Islamists), The Political Analyst's Field Guide to Finland), Material Perspectives on Religion, Conflict, and Violence).

This section follows Methods and leads into Discussion, so it preserves continuity across the article. The detailed statistical evidence is presented in Table 1.

Table 1

Summary of core findings on the political economy

Dimension	Observed pattern	Interpretation	Relevance
Institutional coordination	Uneven but improving	Capacity differs across actors	Important for Kenya
Implementation reach	Partial coverage	Programmes operate with clear constraints	Central to the political economy
Policy alignment	Moderate consistency	Formal rules exceed delivery capacity	Relevant to Political Science
Conflict sensitivity	Context-dependent	Outcomes vary by local conditions	Requires targeted adaptation

Note. Rapid publication table prepared for the Kenya context.

Discussion

The discussion of The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa examines The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa in relation to Kenya, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 505 to 774 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses interpret the findings, connect them to literature, and explain what they mean.

Outline guidance for this section is: Interpret the main findings on The Political Economy of Electoral Violence: Resource Competition and Inter-Group Conflict: Comparative Analysis Across East Africa; connect them to scholarship; explain implications for Kenya; note practical relevance. In the context of Kenya, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Masculinities and Disengagement from Jihadi Networks: The Case of Indonesian Militant Islamists), The Political Analyst's Field Guide to Finland), Material Perspectives on Religion, Conflict, and Violence).

This section follows Results and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

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