Methodological Evaluation of Urban Primary Care Networks in Ethiopia Using Time-Series Forecasting Models for Clinical Outcomes Assessment

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Abstract

This study addresses a current research gap in Medicine concerning Methodological evaluation of urban primary care networks systems in Ethiopia: time-series forecasting model for measuring clinical outcomes in Ethiopia. The objective is to formulate a rigorous model, state verifiable assumptions, and derive results with direct analytical or practical implications. A structured analytical approach was used, integrating formal modelling with domain evidence. The results establish bounded error under perturbation, a convergent estimation process under stated assumptions, and a stable link between the proposed metric and observed outcomes. The findings provide a reproducible analytical basis for subsequent theoretical and applied extensions. Stakeholders should prioritise inclusive, locally grounded strategies and improve data transparency. Methodological evaluation of urban primary care networks systems in Ethiopia: time-series forecasting model for measuring clinical outcomes, Ethiopia, Africa, Medicine, case study This work contributes a formal specification, transparent assumptions, and mathematically interpretable claims. Treatment effect was estimated with $text\{logit\}(\pi) = beta\,0 + \beta^{\neg}\,p\,X_i$, and uncertainty reported using confidence-interval based inference.

Keywords: *Ethiopia, Geographic Information Systems, Primary Care Networks, Time-Series Analysis, Epidemiology, Public Health Surveillance, Outcome Assessment*

ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

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