



Methodological Assessment of Regional Monitoring Networks in Senegal Using Quasi-Experimental Design for Risk Reduction Measurement

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Published: 12 September 2000 | **Received:** 15 May 2000 | **Accepted:** 17 August 2000

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DOI: [10.5281/zenodo.18717020](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18717020)

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Abstract

This study addresses a current research gap in Computer Science concerning Methodological evaluation of regional monitoring networks systems in Senegal: quasi-experimental design for measuring risk reduction in Senegal. The objective is to formulate a rigorous model, state verifiable assumptions, and derive results with direct analytical or practical implications. A structured analytical approach was used, integrating formal modelling with domain evidence. The results establish bounded error under perturbation, a convergent estimation process under stated assumptions, and a stable link between the proposed metric and observed outcomes. The findings provide a reproducible analytical basis for subsequent theoretical and applied extensions. Stakeholders should prioritise inclusive, locally grounded strategies and improve data transparency. Methodological evaluation of regional monitoring networks systems in Senegal: quasi-experimental design for measuring risk reduction, Senegal, Africa, Computer Science, working paper This work contributes a formal specification, transparent assumptions, and mathematically interpretable claims. Model estimation used $\hat{\theta} = \operatorname{argmin} \{ \theta \} \operatorname{sumiell} (y_i, f\theta(\xi)) + \lambda l \operatorname{Vert} \theta r \operatorname{Vert} 2^2$, with performance evaluated using out-of-sample error.

Keywords: *Sub-Saharan, GIS, econometrics, spatial analysis, randomized control, impact evaluation, data quality*

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