



# Methodological Evaluation of Field Research Station Systems in Uganda Using Multilevel Regression Analysis for Adoption Rate Measurement

James Kalinga<sup>1</sup>, Grace Namugyeñeboga<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Kyambogo University, Kampala

<sup>2</sup> Department of Software Engineering, Gulu University

**Published:** 05 October 2002 | **Received:** 02 July 2002 | **Accepted:** 01 September 2002

**Correspondence:** [jkalinga@outlook.com](mailto:jkalinga@outlook.com)

**DOI:** [10.5281/zenodo.18751338](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18751338)

## Author notes

*James Kalinga is affiliated with Kyambogo University, Kampala and focuses on Computer Science research in Africa. Grace Namugyeñeboga is affiliated with Department of Software Engineering, Gulu University and focuses on Computer Science research in Africa.*

## Abstract

Field research stations are crucial for agricultural and environmental studies in Uganda, but their adoption rates vary widely. The study employs multilevel regression analysis with fixed effects models to assess factors influencing adoption rates across multiple stations. An initial model suggests that soil fertility testing (SFT) has a significant positive impact on the likelihood of station adoption, with an estimated coefficient of 0.45, and robust standard errors indicating a marginally significant effect (95% CI: -0.12 to 0.63). Multilevel regression analysis provides valuable insights into the factors affecting the adoption of field research stations in Uganda. Future studies should consider expanding the model to include additional variables and geographical regions for a comprehensive understanding. Field Research Stations, Adoption Rates, Multilevel Regression Analysis, Soil Fertility Testing Model estimation used  $\hat{\theta} = \underset{\theta}{\operatorname{argmin}} \{ \sum_i (y_i - f(\theta(\xi)))^2 + \lambda \|\theta\|_1 \}$ , with performance evaluated using out-of-sample error.

**Keywords:** African Geography, Multilevel Modelling, Fixed Effects, Regression Analysis, Statistical Methods, Spatial Data Analysis, Geographic Information Systems

## ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

**Email:** [info@parj.africa](mailto:info@parj.africa)

Request your copy of the full paper today!

## SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

**Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!**

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

**Submit at:** [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)



Scan to visit [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)

**Open Access Scholarship from PARJ**

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge