



# Gender Dynamics in Political Power Transitions within Uganda's Recent Context

Kabwesa Nkoyi<sup>1</sup>, Kabasee Mugerwa<sup>2</sup>, Ssempala Namuguta<sup>3</sup>, Okumu Mugenyi<sup>1,4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> National Agricultural Research Organisation (NARO)

<sup>2</sup> Department of Research, Kampala International University (KIU)

<sup>3</sup> Uganda Christian University, Mukono

<sup>4</sup> Department of Advanced Studies, Kampala International University (KIU)

**Published:** 03 May 2006 | **Received:** 05 December 2005 | **Accepted:** 29 March 2006

**Correspondence:** [knkoyi@hotmail.com](mailto:knkoyi@hotmail.com)

**DOI:** [10.5281/zenodo.18833717](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18833717)

## Author notes

*Kabwesa Nkoyi is affiliated with National Agricultural Research Organisation (NARO) and focuses on African Studies research in Africa.*

*Kabasee Mugerwa is affiliated with Department of Research, Kampala International University (KIU) and focuses on African Studies research in Africa.*

*Ssempala Namuguta is affiliated with Uganda Christian University, Mukono and focuses on African Studies research in Africa.*

*Okumu Mugenyi is affiliated with National Agricultural Research Organisation (NARO) and focuses on African Studies research in Africa.*

## Abstract

Recent political transitions in Uganda have highlighted gender dynamics within political power structures, with implications for broader societal and economic development. Qualitative research methods including interviews, document reviews, and focus group discussions were employed to analyse the role of gender in shaping political outcomes and decision-making processes. Gender roles significantly influenced nominations for leadership positions, with women often facing systemic barriers that limited their visibility and influence in top-tier politics. This phenomenon was evident in a proportion of approximately 40% of key nomination rounds examined. The study underscores the need to address gender disparities within political systems, advocating for inclusive policies that enhance female participation and representation in decision-making processes. Policy recommendations include fostering educational programmes aimed at increasing women's leadership skills, implementing quotas for political appointments, and promoting gender-sensitive legislation.

**Keywords:** *African geography, Gender studies, Power dynamics, Qualitative analysis, Social development, Political sociology, Cultural anthropology*

## ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

**Email:** [info@parj.africa](mailto:info@parj.africa)

Request your copy of the full paper today!

## SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

**Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!**

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

**Submit at:** [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)



Scan to visit [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)

**Open Access Scholarship from PARJ**

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge