



# Deforestation and Land Degradation's Nexus on Ecosystem Services in Madagascar: A Theoretical Framework Analysis

Tontolo Andriambola<sup>1</sup>, Razanamialonjaty Rakotomalala<sup>1</sup>, Mamy Razafindrahantsoa<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> National Centre for Applied Research on Rural Development (FOFIFA)

<sup>2</sup> University of Toamasina

**Published:** 03 February 2008 | **Received:** 12 November 2007 | **Accepted:** 13 January 2008

**Correspondence:** [tandriambola@aol.com](mailto:tandriambola@aol.com)

**DOI:** [10.5281/zenodo.18868676](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18868676)

## Author notes

*Tontolo Andriambola is affiliated with National Centre for Applied Research on Rural Development (FOFIFA) and focuses on Environmental Science research in Africa.*

*Razanamialonjaty Rakotomalala is affiliated with National Centre for Applied Research on Rural Development (FOFIFA) and focuses on Environmental Science research in Africa.*

*Mamy Razafindrahantsoa is affiliated with University of Toamasina and focuses on Environmental Science research in Africa.*

## Abstract

This study addresses a current research gap in Environmental Science concerning Impact of Deforestation and Land Degradation on Ecosystem Services in Madagascar in Madagascar. The objective is to formulate a rigorous model, state verifiable assumptions, and derive results with direct analytical or practical implications. A structured analytical approach was used, integrating formal modelling with domain evidence. The results establish bounded error under perturbation, a convergent estimation process under stated assumptions, and a stable link between the proposed metric and observed outcomes. The findings provide a reproducible analytical basis for subsequent theoretical and applied extensions. Stakeholders should prioritise inclusive, locally grounded strategies and improve data transparency. Impact of Deforestation and Land Degradation on Ecosystem Services in Madagascar, Madagascar, Africa, Environmental Science, theoretical This work contributes a formal specification, transparent assumptions, and mathematically interpretable claims. The empirical specification follows  $Y = \beta_{0+\beta}^{-1} p X + \text{varepsilon}$ , and inference is reported with uncertainty-aware statistical criteria.

**Keywords:** *Madagascar, Ecosystem Services, Degradation Theory, Forest Ecology, Biodiversity Conservation, Sustainable Land Management, Ecological Footprint Analysis*

## ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

**Email:** [info@parj.africa](mailto:info@parj.africa)

Request your copy of the full paper today!

## SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

**Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!**

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

**Submit at:** [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)



Scan to visit [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)

**Open Access Scholarship from PARJ**

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge