



Bayesian Hierarchical Model Evaluation of Municipal Water Systems Efficiency in Kenya,

Mwangi Ngugi¹, Odhiambo Karua^{2,3}, Kamau Mutua^{4,5}

¹ Egerton University

² Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization (KALRO)

³ Department of Research, Egerton University

⁴ Department of Interdisciplinary Studies, Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization (KALRO)

⁵ Technical University of Kenya

Published: 08 June 2002 | **Received:** 12 March 2002 | **Accepted:** 22 May 2002

Correspondence: mngugi@gmail.com

DOI: [10.5281/zenodo.18745501](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18745501)

Author notes

Mwangi Ngugi is affiliated with Egerton University and focuses on Environmental Science research in Africa. Odhiambo Karua is affiliated with Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization (KALRO) and focuses on Environmental Science research in Africa.

Kamau Mutua is affiliated with Department of Interdisciplinary Studies, Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization (KALRO) and focuses on Environmental Science research in Africa.

Abstract

This study focuses on evaluating the efficiency of municipal water systems in Kenya, with a particular emphasis on understanding how these systems perform over time. A Bayesian hierarchical model is employed, incorporating data from multiple municipal water systems across Kenya. This approach allows for accounting for both within-system variability and system differences in efficiency measures. The analysis reveals a significant improvement (p-value < 0.05) in the average system performance over the study period, indicating enhanced operational efficiency. The Bayesian hierarchical model successfully captures the complex dynamics of municipal water systems, providing insights into their evolution and effectiveness. Further research should focus on validating these findings across different regions and time periods to ensure broad applicability. Additionally, policymakers could use this method for strategic planning and resource allocation. Bayesian hierarchical model, Municipal water systems, Efficiency gains, Kenya The empirical specification follows $Y = \beta_{0+\beta}^{-1} p X + \text{varepsilon}$, and inference is reported with uncertainty-aware statistical criteria.

Keywords: Kenya, Bayesian Hierarchical Model, Monte Carlo Methods, Markov Chain Monte Carlo, Spatial Statistics, Environmental Epidemiology, Time Series Analysis

ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

Email: info@parj.africa

Request your copy of the full paper today!

SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

Submit at: app.parj.africa



Scan to visit app.parj.africa

Open Access Scholarship from PARJ

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge