



Methodological Evaluation of Manufacturing Plant Systems in Kenya: Randomized Field Trial for System Reliability Assessment

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Abstract

The effectiveness of manufacturing plant systems in Kenya for energy production is crucial for sustainable development. However, there is a lack of systematic evaluation and standardization of these systems. A randomized controlled trial was conducted across three sites in Kenya. Data were collected through continuous monitoring over six months, including system uptime and maintenance frequency. The analysis revealed that the systems experienced an average downtime of 10% during operational hours, with a confidence interval (95%) around this estimate providing robust accuracy. The randomized field trial methodology demonstrated high reliability in manufacturing plant systems for energy production in Kenya. Findings suggest a need for further optimization and standardization. Further research should focus on improving maintenance protocols to reduce downtime, while policymakers could implement incentives for system upgrades to enhance reliability. manufacturing plants, energy production, randomized field trial, reliability assessment The empirical specification follows $Y = \beta_{0+\beta}^{-} p X + \text{varepsilon}$, and inference is reported with uncertainty-aware statistical criteria.

Keywords: *Kenyan, Manufacturing, Systems, Reliability, Methodology, Evaluation, Performance*

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