



Methodological Evaluation of Urban Primary Care Networks in Senegal: A Difference-in-Differences Approach to Measuring Clinical Outcomes

Amadou Diop^{1,2}, Mariama Guerda^{3,4}, Tayebou Ly^{5,6}, Sabrina Sall⁷

¹ Department of Epidemiology, Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA), Dakar

² Université Gaston Berger (UGB), Saint-Louis

³ Université Alioune Diop de Bambey (UADB)

⁴ Department of Epidemiology, Institut Sénégalais de Recherches Agricoles (ISRA)

⁵ Department of Surgery, Université Gaston Berger (UGB), Saint-Louis

⁶ Department of Internal Medicine, Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA), Dakar

⁷ Institut Sénégalais de Recherches Agricoles (ISRA)

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Correspondence: adiop@outlook.com

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Author notes

Amadou Diop is affiliated with Department of Epidemiology, Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA), Dakar and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Mariama Guerda is affiliated with Université Alioune Diop de Bambey (UADB) and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Tayebou Ly is affiliated with Department of Surgery, Université Gaston Berger (UGB), Saint-Louis and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Sabrina Sall is affiliated with Institut Sénégalais de Recherches Agricoles (ISRA) and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Abstract

This study addresses a current research gap in Medicine concerning Methodological evaluation of urban primary care networks systems in Senegal: difference-in-differences model for measuring clinical outcomes in Senegal. The objective is to formulate a rigorous model, state verifiable assumptions, and derive results with direct analytical or practical implications. A structured analytical approach was used, integrating formal modelling with domain evidence. The results establish bounded error under perturbation, a convergent estimation process under stated assumptions, and a stable link between the proposed metric and observed outcomes. The findings provide a reproducible analytical basis for subsequent theoretical and applied extensions. Stakeholders should prioritise inclusive, locally grounded strategies and improve data transparency. Methodological evaluation of urban primary care networks systems in Senegal: difference-in-differences model for measuring clinical outcomes, Senegal, Africa, Medicine, case study This work contributes a formal specification, transparent assumptions, and

mathematically interpretable claims. Treatment effect was estimated with $\text{logit}(\pi) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i$, and uncertainty reported using confidence-interval based inference.

Keywords: *Sub-Saharan, Urbanization, Primary Care, Outcome Measures, Difference-in-Differences, Randomized Control Trials, Geographic Information Systems*

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