



# Methodological Evaluation of Community Health Centre Systems in Uganda Using Multilevel Regression Analysis to Measure Cost-Effectiveness

Tutuokwo Muhangudde<sup>1,2</sup>, Semedi Otim<sup>3</sup>, Abakpa Kigginda<sup>1</sup>, Oriki Nsubuga<sup>1,4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Busitema University

<sup>2</sup> Uganda National Council for Science and Technology (UNCST)

<sup>3</sup> Department of Surgery, Uganda National Council for Science and Technology (UNCST)

<sup>4</sup> Department of Public Health, Uganda National Council for Science and Technology (UNCST)

**Published:** 13 March 2000 | **Received:** 11 November 1999 | **Accepted:** 10 February 2000

**Correspondence:** [tmuhangudde@hotmail.com](mailto:tmuhangudde@hotmail.com)

**DOI:** [10.5281/zenodo.18705101](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18705101)

## Author notes

*Tutuokwo Muhangudde is affiliated with Busitema University and focuses on Medicine research in Africa. Semedi Otim is affiliated with Department of Surgery, Uganda National Council for Science and Technology (UNCST) and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.*

*Abakpa Kigginda is affiliated with Busitema University and focuses on Medicine research in Africa. Oriki Nsubuga is affiliated with Department of Public Health, Uganda National Council for Science and Technology (UNCST) and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.*

## Abstract

Community health centers (CHCs) play a critical role in healthcare delivery across Uganda, especially in rural and underserved areas. However, their cost-effectiveness remains under-researched. The study will utilise multilevel regression models to analyse cost parameters at both individual patient and organisational levels. Uncertainty around model estimates will be addressed using robust standard errors. A preliminary analysis suggests that CHCs in rural settings have higher operational costs but achieve better health outcomes, indicating a need for targeted interventions to optimise resource allocation. The findings highlight the importance of stratified models in assessing cost-effectiveness and suggest areas where further research could enhance service delivery efficiency. Policy makers should prioritise investments in CHCs with evidence-based strategies tailored to specific community needs, considering both financial and health impact. Treatment effect was estimated with  $\text{logit}(\pi) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i$ , and uncertainty reported using confidence-interval based inference.

**Keywords:** *Geographic, Multilevel, Regression, Cost-Effectiveness, Evaluation, Community, Healthcare, Infrastructure*

## ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

**Email:** [info@parj.africa](mailto:info@parj.africa)

Request your copy of the full paper today!

## SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

**Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!**

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

**Submit at:** [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)



Scan to visit [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)

**Open Access Scholarship from PARJ**

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge