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Methodological Evaluation of Urban Primary Care Networks in Senegal: A Multilevel Regression Analysis of Clinical Outcomes

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Abstract

This study addresses a current research gap in Medicine concerning Methodological evaluation of urban primary care networks systems in Senegal: multilevel regression analysis for measuring clinical outcomes in Senegal. The objective is to formulate a rigorous model, state verifiable assumptions, and derive results with direct analytical or practical implications. A mixed-methods design was used, combining survey and interview data collected over the study period. The results establish bounded error under perturbation, a convergent estimation process under stated assumptions, and a stable link between the proposed metric and observed outcomes. The findings provide a reproducible analytical basis for subsequent theoretical and applied extensions. Stakeholders should prioritise inclusive, locally grounded strategies and improve data transparency. Methodological evaluation of urban primary care networks systems in Senegal: multilevel regression analysis for measuring clinical outcomes, Senegal, Africa, Medicine, original research This work contributes a formal specification, transparent assumptions, and mathematically interpretable claims. Treatment effect was estimated with $text\{logit\}(\pi) = beta 0 + \beta^{\rightarrow} p X_i$, and uncertainty reported using confidence-interval based inference.

Keywords: *Sub-Saharan, Community Health, Hierarchical Modelling, Quantitative Research, Primary Care, Service Delivery, Regression Analysis*

ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

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