



# Methodological Evaluation of Community Health Centre Systems in Uganda: A Randomized Field Trial Approach

Kabwata Okello<sup>1,2</sup>, Tumwebaze Muhumuza<sup>3,4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Makerere University, Kampala

<sup>2</sup> Uganda Christian University, Mukono

<sup>3</sup> Department of Surgery, Makerere University, Kampala

<sup>4</sup> Department of Surgery, Uganda Christian University, Mukono

**Published:** 06 June 2002 | **Received:** 14 March 2002 | **Accepted:** 20 April 2002

**Correspondence:** [kokello@gmail.com](mailto:kokello@gmail.com)

**DOI:** [10.5281/zenodo.18738252](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18738252)

## Author notes

*Kabwata Okello is affiliated with Makerere University, Kampala and focuses on Medicine research in Africa. Tumwebaze Muhumuza is affiliated with Department of Surgery, Makerere University, Kampala and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.*

## Abstract

Community health centres in Uganda face challenges in their delivery of healthcare services. A systematic literature review was conducted using databases such as PubMed, Cochrane Library, and Google Scholar. Studies were included if they utilised randomized field trials to measure yield improvements in community health centres in Uganda. The analysis highlighted the use of a mixed-methods approach combining quantitative data from patient surveys with qualitative insights from health workers' interviews, yielding an overall improvement rate of 25% in service delivery efficiency across all reviewed studies. This review underscores the effectiveness of randomized field trials in evaluating community health centre systems and identifies the importance of integrating both quantitative and qualitative methodologies for comprehensive evaluations. Future research should consider implementing a standardised evaluation framework to ensure consistency in methodology, and policymakers could leverage these findings to enhance service delivery efficiency. Community Health Centres, Uganda, Randomized Field Trials, Methodological Evaluation Treatment effect was estimated with  $\text{logit}(\pi) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i$ , and uncertainty reported using confidence-interval based inference.

**Keywords:** African healthcare, community health centers, randomized trials, evaluation methods, public health systems, intervention studies, outcome measurement

## ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

**Email:** [info@parj.africa](mailto:info@parj.africa)

Request your copy of the full paper today!

## SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

**Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!**

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

**Submit at:** [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)



Scan to visit [app.parj.africa](http://app.parj.africa)

**Open Access Scholarship from PARJ**

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge