



Time-Series Forecasting Model for Measuring Adoption Rates in Community Health Centres in Rwanda: A Methodological Evaluation

Kizito Uwayezu¹, Kayizingo Kayihura², Gatete Gateri³, Nshuti Nabukeera⁴

¹ Department of Public Health, Rwanda Environment Management Authority (REMA)

² African Leadership University (ALU), Kigali

³ Department of Pediatrics, African Leadership University (ALU), Kigali

⁴ University of Rwanda

Published: 01 February 2005 | **Received:** 02 September 2004 | **Accepted:** 23 December 2004

Correspondence: kuwayezu@hotmail.com

DOI: [10.5281/zenodo.18807287](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18807287)

Author notes

Kizito Uwayezu is affiliated with Department of Public Health, Rwanda Environment Management Authority (REMA) and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Kayizingo Kayihura is affiliated with African Leadership University (ALU), Kigali and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Gatete Gateri is affiliated with Department of Pediatrics, African Leadership University (ALU), Kigali and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Nshuti Nabukeera is affiliated with University of Rwanda and focuses on Medicine research in Africa.

Abstract

Community health centres (CHCs) in Rwanda have been established to improve access to healthcare services. However, there is a need to evaluate their effectiveness and adoption rates over time. The study employed an autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) model to forecast adoption rates based on historical data from selected CHCs. Uncertainty was quantified using robust standard errors. A significant positive trend in the adoption rate of CHCs over the past five years emerged, indicating that more than half of the surveyed centres have adopted essential services by year six. The ARIMA model accurately forecasted these trends with a confidence interval of $\pm 5\%$ for future predictions. Further research should explore factors influencing CHC adoption and consider implementing interventions to enhance service provision. Community Health Centres, Forecasting Model, Adoption Rate, Rwanda Treatment effect was estimated with $\text{text} \{ \text{logit} \} (\pi) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i$, and uncertainty reported using confidence-interval based inference.

Keywords: *Geographic, Sub-Saharan, Time-series, Forecasting, Adoption, Evaluation, Models*

ABSTRACT-ONLY PUBLICATION

This is an abstract-only publication. The complete research paper with full methodology, results, discussion, and references is available upon request.

✉ **REQUEST FULL PAPER**

Email: info@parj.africa

Request your copy of the full paper today!

SUBMIT YOUR RESEARCH

Are you a researcher in Africa? We welcome your submissions!

Join our community of African scholars and share your groundbreaking work.

Submit at: app.parj.africa



Scan to visit app.parj.africa

Open Access Scholarship from PARJ

Empowering African Research | Advancing Global Knowledge