



Pan-Africanist Movements in Senegal: Challenges and Opportunities in the Post-Cold War Era

Mariama Ndiaye^{1,2}, Amadou Diop^{2,3}, Seyni Sarr⁴, Binta Gueye⁵

¹ Department of Research, Université Alioune Diop de Bambey (UADB)

² Department of Advanced Studies, Cheikh Anta Diop University (UCAD), Dakar

³ Department of Advanced Studies, Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA), Dakar

⁴ Department of Research, Cheikh Anta Diop University (UCAD), Dakar

⁵ Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA), Dakar

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Correspondence: mndiaye@hotmail.com

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Author notes

Mariama Ndiaye is affiliated with Department of Research, Université Alioune Diop de Bambey (UADB) and focuses on African Studies research in Africa.

Amadou Diop is affiliated with Department of Advanced Studies, Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA), Dakar and focuses on African Studies research in Africa.

Seyni Sarr is affiliated with Department of Research, Cheikh Anta Diop University (UCAD), Dakar and focuses on African Studies research in Africa.

Binta Gueye is affiliated with Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa (CODESRIA), Dakar and focuses on African Studies research in Africa.

Abstract

Pan-Africanism has been a significant force in Senegal's socio-political landscape since independence. Post-Cold War era brought new challenges and opportunities for this movement. A systematic review of literature from reputable African Studies journals focusing on Senegalese history and contemporary politics. Quantitative analysis of thematic content was employed to identify common themes across studies. Findings indicate a consistent theme of external pressures (such as globalization) alongside internal factors influencing the evolution of Pan-Africanist movements in Senegal, particularly within the realm of healthcare policy reform. Pan-Africanist movements in Senegal have navigated both challenges and opportunities since the post-Cold War era, with a notable focus on healthcare policy reforms as a key area of engagement. Future research should consider the intersectionality of internal and external factors impacting Pan-Africanism in Senegalese politics, including economic disparities and global health initiatives. Pan-Africanism, Senegal, Post-Cold War Era, Healthcare Policy Reform

Keywords: *Pan-Africanism, Sub-Saharan Africa, Diaspora Studies, Globalization, Postcolonial Theory, Multiculturalism, Quantitative Research Methodology*

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