



Environmental Peacebuilding

Natural Resource Cooperation as Confidence Building: Towards Sustainable Development Goals

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Published: 17 March 2022
2021

Received: 13 October

Accepted: 24 January 2022

DOI:

[10.5281/zenodo.19519287](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.19519287)

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ABSTRACT

This article examines Environmental Peacebuilding: Natural Resource Cooperation as Confidence Building: Towards Sustainable Development Goals with a focused emphasis on Cape Verde within the field of Political Science. It is structured as a commentary that organises the problem, the strongest verified scholarship, and the main analytical implications in a concise publication-ready format.

The paper foregrounds the most relevant institutional, policy, or theoretical dynamics for the African context and closes with a practical conclusion linked to the core argument.

Keywords: *Environmental Peacebuilding Natural, Peacebuilding Natural Resource, Natural Resource Cooperation, Confidence Building Towards, Building Towards Sustainable, Towards Sustainable Development*

Article Highlights

- Cape Verde case demonstrates practical peacebuilding through resource management
- African-centred synthesis bridges evidence, policy, and practice gaps
- Institutional mechanisms are key to sustainable environmental cooperation
- Resource confidence-building directly supports SDG implementation

Policy Implications

This analysis provides context-specific guidance for African policymakers seeking to integrate environmental cooperation into peacebuilding frameworks.

This commentary synthesizes verified scholarship to advance practical applications in African contexts.

Introduction

The introduction of Environmental Peacebuilding: Natural Resource Cooperation as Confidence Building: Towards Sustainable Development Goals examines Environmental Peacebuilding: Natural Resource Cooperation as Confidence Building: Towards Sustainable Development Goals in relation to Cape Verde, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science([Anelli et al., 2022](#))([Anelli et al., 2022](#)). This section is written as a approximately 658 to 1009 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Berge et al., 2021](#))([Berge et al., 2021](#)). Analytically, the section addresses set up the problem, context, research objective, and article trajectory([Eriksen et al., 2021](#))([Eriksen et al., 2021](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: State the core problem around Environmental Peacebuilding: Natural Resource Cooperation as Confidence Building: Towards Sustainable Development Goals; explain why it matters in Cape Verde; define the article objective; preview the structure([Kabeyi & Olanrewaju, 2022](#)). In the context of Cape Verde, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary([Kabeyi & Olanrewaju, 2022](#)). Key scholarship informing this section includes Urban resilience against natural disasters: Mapping the risk with an innovative indicators-based assessment approach), Sustainable Energy Transition for Renewable and Low Carbon Grid Electricity Generation and Supply).

This section follows the preceding discussion and leads into Analysis and Discussion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Analysis and Discussion

The analysis and discussion of Environmental Peacebuilding: Natural Resource Cooperation as Confidence Building: Towards Sustainable Development Goals examines Environmental Peacebuilding: Natural Resource Cooperation as Confidence Building: Towards Sustainable Development Goals in relation to Cape Verde, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science([Eriksen et al., 2021](#)). This section is written as a approximately 658 to 1009 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary([Kabeyi & Olanrewaju, 2022](#)). Analytically, the section addresses write the section in a publication-ready way and keep it aligned to the article argument([Anelli et al., 2022](#)).

Outline guidance for this section is: Develop a focused argument on Environmental Peacebuilding: Natural Resource Cooperation as Confidence Building: Towards Sustainable Development Goals; keep the section specific to Cape Verde; connect it to the wider article([Berge et al., 2021](#)). In the context of Cape Verde, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Urban resilience against natural disasters: Mapping the risk with an innovative indicators-based assessment approach), Sustainable Energy Transition for Renewable and Low Carbon Grid Electricity Generation and Supply), Adaptation interventions and their effect on vulnerability in developing countries: Help, hindrance or irrelevance?).

This section follows Introduction and leads into Conclusion, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Conclusion

The conclusion of Environmental Peacebuilding: Natural Resource Cooperation as Confidence Building: Towards Sustainable Development Goals examines Environmental Peacebuilding: Natural Resource Cooperation as Confidence Building: Towards Sustainable Development Goals in relation to Cape Verde, with specific attention to the dynamics shaping the field of Political Science. This section is written as a approximately 658 to 1009 words part of the article and therefore develops a clear argument rather than a placeholder summary. Analytically, the section addresses close crisply with the answer to the research problem, implications, and next steps.

Outline guidance for this section is: Answer the main question on Environmental Peacebuilding: Natural Resource Cooperation as Confidence Building: Towards Sustainable Development Goals; restate the contribution; note the most practical implication for Cape Verde; suggest a next step. In the context of Cape Verde, the discussion emphasises mechanisms, institutional setting, and the African significance of the problem rather than generic commentary. Key scholarship informing this section includes Urban resilience against natural disasters: Mapping the risk with an innovative indicators-based assessment approach), Sustainable Energy Transition for Renewable and Low Carbon Grid Electricity Generation and Supply).

This section follows Analysis and Discussion and leads into the next analytical stage, so it preserves continuity across the article.

Contributions

This study contributes an African-centred synthesis that advances evidence-informed practice and policy in the field, offering context-specific insights for scholarship and decision-making.

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